



Northern Ireland Quarterly Construction Bulletin

The Structure of the Construction Industry in Northern Ireland

Introduction

This publication contains information relating to the following:

- Type of construction firms operating in Northern Ireland;
- Number of people employed in the construction industry in Northern Ireland;
- Average earnings in the construction industry in Northern Ireland; and
- Reported accidents in the construction industry in Northern Ireland.

This information is included at the request of the construction sector in Northern Ireland who wished to have all relevant construction statistics collated in one publication. No additional commentary on these statistics is provided within this publication but information on the sources of these statistics is provided below.

Types of construction firms operating in Northern Ireland – Table 2.1

This information is extracted from the Inter-Departmental Business Register (IDBR). The IDBR is a business register which contains information on all businesses in the UK which are VAT registered or operating a PAYE scheme. The register is located in the Office for National Statistics (ONS) Newport but the NI element of the register is maintained within Economic & Labour Market Statistics Research Branch (NISRA, DoF). All businesses contained on the IDBR are categorised using SIC 2007. This is an international classification system that categorises businesses by the type of economic activity in which they are engaged. SIC (2007) Divisions 41-43 of the IDBR relate to Construction activities.

Table 2.1 provides the number of construction firms operating in Northern Ireland by industry breakdown and turnover based on Divisions 41-43 of the Northern Ireland extract of the IDBR. The figures contained in Table 2.1 are not published elsewhere other than this bulletin. These figures are updated annually in the Q4 Construction Bulletin of each year. Statistics derived from the IDBR are classified as National Statistics.

Further information relating to the IDBR is available at the following link:

https://www.nisra.gov.uk/statistics/business-statistics/inter-departmental-business-register

Number of people employed in the Construction Industry in Northern Ireland - Tables 2.2-2.4

This information is sourced from the Census of Employment, the Quarterly Employment Survey and the Labour Force Survey.

Table 2.2 provides a full count of the number of employees in the construction industry in Northern Ireland for the latest available year. The source for this information is the Census of Employment which is a statutory survey which has been carried out every two years since 1987. It is a full count of the number of employee jobs in all industries except for agriculture. The self-employed are also not included. Results are available for male, female, full-time and part-time employees up to a five-digit Standard Industrial Classification level.

Table 2.2 also provides a breakdown of the number of employees in the construction industry by gender and by construction industry classification. Users should be aware that the industrial classification is based on SIC 2007 which was the appropriate classification to use at the time the figures were originally published.

The information contained in Table 2.2 is first published by Economic & Labour Market Statistics Research Branch (NISRA, DoF) before it is published in this bulletin.

Statistics derived from the Census of Employment are classified as National Statistics. Further information relating to the Census of Employment is available at the following link:

https://www.nisra.gov.uk/statistics/annual-employee-jobs-surveys/census-employment

Table 2.3 provides the latest estimate of the number of Northern Ireland Employees in Construction based on the Quarterly Employment Survey (QES). The QES is designed to provide short-term employee job estimates for Northern Ireland in the period between Censuses of Employment.

The QES covers all public sector employers, all private sector employers with 25 or more employees and a representative sample of smaller firms.

It provides employee jobs estimates by gender, working pattern (full / part-time) and by Standard Industrial Classification 2007 (SIC07) for Northern Ireland as a whole. Seasonally adjusted figures are also available at broad industry level. This information is collected by Economic & Labour Market Statistics Research Branch (NISRA, DoF).

The information contained in Table 2.3 is first published by Economic & Labour Market Statistics Research Branch (NISRA, DoF) before it is published in this bulletin and the statistics are classified as National Statistics. The statistics are updated quarterly in the NI Construction Bulletin.

Further information relating to the Quarterly Employment Survey is available at the following link: https://www.nisra.gov.uk/statistics/labour-market-and-social-welfare/quarterly-employment-survey

Table 2.4 provides an estimate of the number of self-employed persons in the construction industry in Northern Ireland and is based on estimates from the Labour Force Survey. By definition, the Census of Employment and the Quarterly Employment Survey exclude all self-employed jobs. The information contained in Table 2.4, therefore, supplements the information provided on the number of employee jobs in construction reported in Tables 2.2 and 2.3.

The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is a continuous survey of NI Households. The main purpose of the survey is to provide information on the labour market, including employment, unemployment and economic activity rates. It also covers a range of related topics, such as income, qualifications, training and disability.

The UK is obliged under EC regulations to carry out a Labour Force Survey, using internationally agreed definitions of unemployment, employment and economic activity. Results from the Spring quarter of each year are supplied to Eurostat and can be compared with other EC member states.

The information contained in Table 2.4 is first published in this bulletin. The table is updated quarterly and shows the latest quarterly estimate of the number of self-employed persons in the Northern Ireland Construction Industry together with the annual estimate back to 2001. Statistics derived from the Labour Force Survey are classified as National Statistics.

The findings from the Labour Force Survey are published by Economic & Labour Market Statistics Research Branch (NISRA, DoF) in their Labour Market Statistics Bulletin. Further information relating to Labour Market Statistics is available at the following link:

https://www.nisra.gov.uk/statistics/labour-market-and-social-welfare/labour-force-survey

Average Earnings in the Construction Industry in Northern Ireland – Tables 2.5 - 2.7

This information is sourced from the Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE) which is a National Statistics survey. The Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE) is a UK wide survey that provides information on hourly, weekly and annual earnings by gender, work patterns, industry and occupation, including public versus private sector pay comparisons. The Northern Ireland element of the ASHE survey is carried out by Economic & Labour Market Statistics Research Branch (NISRA, DoF).

The statistics contained in Tables 2.5-2.7 are first published in this bulletin. The figures contained in tables 2.5-2.7 are updated annually in the Q3 Construction Bulletin of each year.

Further information relating to ASHE is available at the following link:

https://www.nisra.gov.uk/statistics/labour-market-and-social-welfare/annual-survey-hours-and-earnings

Reported Accidents in the Construction Industry in Northern Ireland – Tables 2.8.1 – 2.8.3

This information is sourced from the Case Management System (CMS) of the Health and Safety Executive for Northern Ireland (HSENI). The information comes from incident reports submitted to HSENI under the RIDDOR regulations.

The statistics contained in Tables 2.8.1-2.8.3 are first published in the HSENI annual report and are updated annually. *These statistics are classified as 'Official Statistics'*.

Further information is available at www.hseni.gov.uk.

SIC (2007) class/ subclass	Description	e band						
		0 -99	100 - 499	500 - 1,999	2,000 - 4,999	5,000 - 9,999	10,000+	Total
4440	Development of heileling and a to	005	055	005		0.5	_	4000
4110	Development of building projects	385	355	205	55	25		1030
4120	Construction of buildings	860	930	380	90	25	35	2315
4211	Construction of roads and motorways	95	130	45		,	ا ُ	275
4212	Construction of railways and	Î	•	^	0	0	Î	5
4213	underground railways Construction of bridges	*	*	0	0	0	*	*
4213	Construction of utility projects for fluids	5	10	*	0		0	15
4221	Construction of utility projects for fluids	10	20	10		0	1	40
4222	electricity and telecommunications	10	20	10		١		40
4291	Construction of water projects	*	*	*	*	0	0	5
4291	Construction of other civil engineering	140	150	65	40	10		430
4299	projects n.e.c.	140	150	03	40	10	25	430
4311	Demolition	10	10	*	*	0	0	20
4312	Site preparation	85	70	25	0	*	0	180
4313	Test drilling and boring	*	5	*	0	0	0	15
4321	Electrical installation	670	505	140	40	10	10	1380
4322	Plumbing, heat and air-conditioning installation	400	440	90	35	5	10	980
4329	Other construction installation	50	75	35	5	*	0	165
4331	Plastering	160	95	20	*	*	0	285
4332	Joinery installation	565	400	85	15	*	10	1080
4333	Floor and wall covering	60	95	30	*	*	*	190
4334	Painting and glazing	145	175	25	5	*	0	355
4339	Other building completion and finishing	100	115	30	5	0	*	255
4391	Roofing activities	55	60	20	10	*	*	145
4399	Other specialised construction activities	445	350	85	20	5	*	905
	n.e.c.							
		4245	3985					

Total 4245 3985 1300 335 105 110 Source: Inter Departmental Business Register, Office for National Statistics, Economic & Labour Market Statistics Branch, Department of Finance Figures have been rounded to the nearest 5 and counts under 5 have been suppressed. Thus figures may not sum to totals.

Table 2	2.2 NORTHERN IRELAND BUSINESS RE	LOYMEN	NT SURV	EY 2015 I	EMPLOY	EE JOBS		
		Employee Jobs						
SIC07	BUSINESS DESCRIPTIONS	Male Full-time	Male Part-time	Male	Female Full-time	Female Part-time	Female	Total
F	CONSTRUCTION	25,349	1,678	27,027	2,686	1,693	4,379	31,406
41	Construction of buildings	5,041	577	5,618	614	518	1,132	6,750
411 412	Development of building projects Construction of residential and non-residential buildings	424 4,617	125 452	549 5,069	105 509	108 410	l	762 5,988
4120	Construction of residential and non-residential buildings	4,617	452	5,069	509	410	919	5,988
41201 41202	Construction of commercial buildings Construction of domestic buildings	910 3,707	40 412	950 4,119	146 363	51 359	197 722	1,147 4,841
42	Civil engineering	6,965	194	7,159	749	229	978	8,137
421	Construction of roads and railways	1,574	61	1,635	87	47	134	1,769
4211 4212 4213	Construction of roads and motorways Construction of railways and underground railways Construction of bridges and tunnels	1,523 * *	*	*	*	*	*	1,715 * *
422	Construction of utility projects	1,025	8	1,033	97	13	110	1,143
4221 4222	Construction of utility projects for fluids Construction of utility projects for electricity and telecommunications	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
429	Construction of other civil engineering projects	4,366	125	4,491	565	169	734	5,225
4291	Construction of water projects	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
4299	Construction of other civil engineering projects n.e.c.	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
43	Specialised construction activities	13,343	907	14,250	1,323	946	2,269	16,519
431	Demolition and site preparation	492	28	520	46	33	79	599
4311	Demolition	163	*	*	*	*	*	193
4312 4313	Site preparation Test drilling and boring	269 60	17	286	36 *	17	53 *	339 67
432	Electrical, plumbing and other construction installation activities	7,536	376	7,912	784	490	1,274	9,186
4321	Electrical installation	3,935	187	4,122	362	256	618	4,740
4322	Plumbing, heat and air-conditioning installation	3,075	153	3,228		206		3,783
4329	Other construction installation	526	36	562	73	28	101	663
433	Building completion and finishing	3,219	310	3,529	349	281	630	4,159
4331	Plastering	218		245		14		281
4332 4333	Joinery installation Floor and wall covering	1,451 278	135 38	1,586 316			l	1,869 390
4334	Painting and glazing	832	82	914		69	l	1,044
43341	Painting	572	61	633	30	42	72	705
43342	Glazing	260	21	281	31	27	58	339
4339	Other building completion and finishing	440		468				575
439	Other specialised construction activities	2,096		2,289		142		
4391 4399	Roofing activities Other specialised construction activities n.e.c.	457 1,639	41 152	498 1,791	29 115			551 2,024
43991 43999 *	Scaffold erection Specialised construction activities (other than scaffold erection) n.e.c. Not shown due to confidentiality constraints	202 1,437	16 136	218 1,573	10	17	27	245 1,779

Source: NI Business Register and Employment Survey 2015

NOTES: 1 The Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES) is a statutory enquiry of employers in Northern Ireland, carried out under the

Statistics of Trade and Employment (Northern Ireland) Order 1988. Results are available according to sex, full or part-time working, industrial activity and location,

² The BRES covers employee jobs only. It excludes: agriculture (but includes animal husbandry service activities and hunting, trapping and game propagation), the self employed, HIM Armed Forces, private domestic servants, homeworkers, trainees without a contract of employment (non-

Figures for the number of employees in Agriculture are available separately from the Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA)
 Persons w orking 30 hours or less per week are regarded as being in part-time employment.
 The BRES counts the number of jobs rather than the number of persons with jobs. Therefore a person holding both a full-time and a part-time job, or someone \boldsymbol{w} ith two part-time jobs, \boldsymbol{w} ill be counted twice.

⁶ Employees are classified to: (a) Standard Industrial Classification (SIC 2007) from the business description for each employment unit.

Table 2.3 No	Table 2.3 Northern Ireland Employee Jobs ¹ in Construction						
Year	Quarter	Employee Jobs - Unadjusted	Quarterly Change- Unadjusted				
2000	March	34,540	180				
	June	34,940	400				
	September	35,690	750				
	December	35,950	260				
2001	March	36,250	300				
	June	36,250	0				
	September	36,530	280				
	December	37,150	610				
2002	March	36,990	-160				
	June	36,740	-240				
	September	36,720	-20				
	December	36,310	-410				
2003	March	35,860	-450				
	June	36,360	500				
	September	36,440	80				
	December	36,750	310				
2004	March	37,100	350				
	June	37,180	80				
	September	37,270	80				
	December	37,550	280				
2005	March June September December	37,770 38,750 39,310 41,150	220 980 560 1,830				
2006	March June September December	41,790 42,300 42,690 43,140	650 510 390 450				
2007	March	43,460	320				
	June	44,710	1,250				
	September	45,320	610				
	December	46,820	1,490				
2008	March	45,860	-960				
	June	44,860	-1,000				
	September	43,500	-1,360				
	December	41,670	-1,830				
2009	March	39,420	-2,250				
	June	38,210	-1,210				
	September	36,780	-1,440				

able 2.3 Northern Ireland Employee Jobs ¹ in Construction Continued)						
Year	Quarter	Employee Jobs - Unadjusted	Quarterly Change- Unadjusted			
	!	TINUITY IN SERIES ²				
	December	37,120	340			
004			4.04			
2010	March	36,960	-160 -760			
	June September	36,200 35,790	-760 -410			
	December	33,610				
	December	33,610	-2,170			
201	1 March	33,370	-250			
	June	32,780	-580			
	September	32,930	150			
	December	31,610	-1,320			
2012	2 March	31,410	-200			
	June	31,260	-160			
	September	30,900	-350			
	December	29,680	-1,220			
2011	3 March	29,450	-240			
2010	June	29,190	-260			
	September	29,380	190			
	December	30,250	870			
2014	4 March	30,150	-100			
	June	29,370	-780			
	September	29,620	250			
	December	28,660	-960			
201	5 March	30,550	1,880			
	June	30,750	210			
	September	31,410	650			
	December (R)	29,350	-2,050			
2016	6 March ^(R)	30,630	1,270			
2011	June ^(R)	31,030	410			
	September (R)	31,300	270			
	December (R)	31,120	-180			
	Boodingoi	31,123	100			
201	March (R)	32,300	1,18			
	June (R)	33,600	1,300			
	September (R)	33,990	400			
	December (R)	34,530	540			
	(B)					
2018	March ^(P)	34,790	260			

Source: Quarterly Employment Survey (QES), NISRA

Estimates of the number of employee jobs are obtained from the Quarterly Employment Survey (QES). The QES covers all public sector bodies, all private sector firms with 25 or more employees and a sample of the remainder. The sample size has been chosen in order that estimates of total employee jobs should be accurate to within +/- 1% of the Census of Employment total. The survey collects information on numbers of persons in full-time and part-time employment. It should be noted that the survey counts the number of jobs rather than the number of persons with jobs. For example, a person holding both a full-time job and a part-time job, or someone with two part-time jobs, will be counted twice.

¹ Figures are rounded to the nearest 10 and may not sum due to rounding.

² Important Notice: Users of QES data should be aware that the sample coverage used to derive employee jobs estimates in NI has been extended. This has resulted in a discontinuity in the QES employee jobs series from the reference period Q3 2009 onwards.

Table 2.4 Northern Ireland Labour Force Survey Self employed in Construction Industry

Year (Quarter 2)	Number
2018 Q1	19,000
2017	23,000
2016	22,000
2015	34,000
2014	29,000
2013	20,000
2012	23,000
2011	24,000
2010	27,000
2009	30,000
2008	33,000
2007	31,000
2006	30,000
2005	32,000
2004	34,000
2003	30,000
2002	25,000
2001	25,000

Notes:

Figures are rounded to the nearest thousand.

Above estimates are subject to sampling error.

Allocation betw een self employed and employees status is by self assessment. From 2013, the above estimates are based on re-w eighted LFS estimates, w hich are in line w ith the 2016 mid-year population estimates.

From 2002 to 2012, the above estimates are based on re-weighted LFS estimates, which are in line with the 2014 mid-year population estimates.

Prior to 2002, the above estimates are based on w eighted LFS estimates, w hich are in Figures from 2001 onwards are based on Q2 (Apr-June) each year.

Figures from 2009 onwards are based on SIC2007.

Table 2.5 Northern Ireland Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings **Earnings and Hours in the Construction Industry**

	Mean gross weekly earnings				Perc	entage of emp	lovees	
	Of Which		-		who received		-	
At April		Overtime		Premium		Overtime		Premium
Each Year	Total	Pay	PBR etc	payments		pay	PBR etc	payments
2002	£371.0	£31.3	x	×		30.6%	7.5%	2.6%
2003	£386.9	£25.6	×	×		28.2%	13.6%	1.4%
2004	£399.2	£25.8	х	x		25.8%	7.9%	3.1%
2004 ¹	£403.5	£25.1	x	x		24.9%	4.8%	3.0%
2005 ¹	£392.7	£17.7	х	x		20.0%	6.0%	1.1%
2006 ¹	£430.6	£26.8	×	×		23.4%	5.0%	2.7%
2006 ²	£429.6	£27.2	×	×		23.5%	4.8%	2.8%
2007 ²	£456.2	£29.7	х	×		21.1%	5.2%	1.4%
2008 ²	£470.3	£27.7	х	×		24.7%	6.4%	0.0%
2009 ³	£484.8	£25.5	х	×		20.3%	3.3%	0.7%
2010 ³	£529.0	£28.9	×	×		24.8%	5.1%	0.9%
2011 ³	£541.7	£24.4	х	×		24.0%	7.3%	1.2%
2012 ³	£523.0	£27.6	х	×		25.2%	4.1%	5.0%
2013 ³	£515.8	£16.0	×	×		18.2%	3.3%	3.0%
2014 ³	£527.0	£28.3	×	×		22.6%	7.2%	3.3%
2015 ³	£591.3	£20.7	х	×		17.3%	5.7%	2.1%
2016 ³	£588.5	£23.1	х	×		20.3%	7.2%	0.6%
2017 ³	£585.6	£50.9	х	x		24.6%	4.9%	2.8%
	Distributi	on of weekly e	arnings		Mean		Mean wee	kly hours
		Median			hourly		Mean Total	Mean
	10%	50%	10%		earnings		weekly hours	weekly
At April	earned less		earned		excluding		(including	overtime
Each Year	than	than	more than		overtime*		overtime)	hours
2002	£215.8	£328.4	£549.4		£8.60		42.4	2.9
2003	£234.5	£349.0	£591.9		£9.12		42.0	2.4
2004	£223.1	£336.3	Х		£9.35		42.3	2.4
2004 1	£231.9	£336.0	х		£9.47		42.3	2.3
2005 ¹ 2006 ¹	£185.9	£340.0	X		£9.34 £10.22		41.7 41.5	1.5
2006 2006 ²	£203.0	£375.5	X				41.5	2.0 2.0
2006 2007 ²	£205.6 £242.7	£373.3 £390.8	X		£10.19 £10.57		42.8	2.0
2007 2008 ²	£242.7 £244.0	£390.8 £407.9	X		£10.57 £10.97		42.6 42.5	2. 4 2.1
2008 2009 ³			X		£10.97 £11.90			
2009 ° 2010 ³	£281.0 £277.6	£395.5 £442.1	x x		£11.90 £12.36		40.7 42.6	1.8 2.1
2010 2011 ³	£277.6 £270.1	£442.1 £446.6	x x		£12.36 £12.65		42.6 42.7	1.9
2011 2012 ³	£270.1 £258.5	£439.9	x x		£12.05 £12.33		42.7 42.4	2.2
2012 2013 ³	£236.5 £245.5	£439.9 £440.0	×		£12.33 £12.24		42.4	1.3
2013 2014 ³	£245.5 £284.9	£439.8	×		£12.24 £12.56		41.5	1.8
2014 2015 ³	£204.9 £307.4	£500.9	×		£12.50 £13.87		41.5 42.6	1.5
2015 2016 ³	£306.7	£502.3	x		£13.90		42.4	1.7
2010 2017 ³	£319.2	£502.3 £508.7	×		£13.46		42.5	2.7

PBR - payment by results, includes piecework, bonuses, commission and incentive payments (includes profit related pay until 1996).

Premium pay - for shift-work, and for night or week-end work where these are not treated as overtime.

x - data unavailable or suppressed

* Average hourly earnings are calculated by dividing the sum of the weekly earnings of the group of employees

by the sum of their total weekly hours.

¹ To improve coverage, supplementary data was collected for the 2004 and subsequent ASHE surveys for people who changed or started new jobs between sample selection and the survey period. The ASHE results since 2004 are therefore discontinuous with earlier results.

² For the 2006 ASHE results, ONS also introduced a small number of methodological changes. The ASHE results since 2006 are therefore discontinuous with earlier results.

³ For 2009 ASHE results, ONS moved from using the SIC 2003 Industrial Classifications to using the SIC 2007 Industrial Classifications. The ASHE results since 2009 are therefore discontinuous with earlier results.

Table 2.6 Northern Ireland Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings Earnings in the Construction Industry by Occupation

full-time male employees, on adult rates, whose pay was not affected by absence

	SOC 531 - Construction trades			arpenters and ners	SOC 912 - elementary construction occupations		
At April Each Year	Mean gross weekly earnings	Mean hourly earnings excluding overtime	Mean gross weekly earnings	Mean hourly earnings excluding overtime	Mean gross weekly earnings	Mean hourly earnings excluding overtime	
2002	£319.8	£7.43	£312.7	£7.33	£275.2	£5.83	
2003	£367.6	£8.28	£334.3	£7.59	£274.9	£6.19	
2004	£345.6	£8.01	£343.0	£7.57	£336.0	£7.49	
2004 ¹	£348.8	£8.09	£345.8	£7.64	£334.4	£7.46	
2005 ¹	£332.5	£7.97	£340.6	£7.85	£321.3	£7.03	
2006 ¹	£404.2	£9.13	£377.3	£8.53	£292.0	£6.69	
2006 ²	£407.9	£9.19	£379.1	£8.56	£291.7	£6.70	
2007 ²	£411.6	£9.43	£412.3	£9.43	£333.1	£7.59	
2008 ²	£429.1	£10.03	£383.1	£9.19	£386.6	£8.08	
2009 ³	£450.2	£10.30	£455.5	£10.39	£346.4	£7.93	
2010 ³	£452.1	£10.03	£432.9	£9.64	£380.0	£8.55	
2011 ⁴	£462.5	£10.46	£470.0	£10.50	£338.1	£8.12	
2012 ⁴	£437.4	£9.87	£403.7	£9.36	£389.9	£8.50	
2013 ⁴	£441.7	£9.99	£395.7	£9.37	£398.4	£8.19	
2014 ⁴	£423.2	£9.85	£407.2	£9.49	£350.6	£8.30	
2015 ⁴	£463.0	£10.95	£418.1	£9.99	£355.6	£8.06	
2016 ⁴	£499.4	£11.37	£476.3	£10.68	£351.9	£8.07	
2017 ⁴	£470.5	£11.10	£467.6	£10.96	£429.0	£9.48	

SOC - Standard Occupational Classification 2000/2010

¹ To improve coverage, supplementary data was collected for the 2004 and subsequent ASHE surveys for people who changed or started new jobs between sample selection and the survey period. The ASHE results since 2004 are therefore discontinuous with earlier results.

² For the 2006 ASHE results, ONS also introduced a small number of methodological changes. The ASHE results since 2006 are therefore discontinuous with earlier results.

³ For 2009 ASHE results, ONS moved from using the SIC 2003 Industrial Classifications to using the SIC 2007 Industrial Classifications. The ASHE results since 2009 are therefore discontinuous with earlier results.

⁴ For 2011 ASHE results, ONS moved from using the SOC 2000 Occupational Classifications to using the SOC 2010 Occupational Classifications. The ASHE results since 2011 are therefore discontinuous with earlier results.

Table 2.7 Northern Ireland Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings Earnings and Hours in the Construction Industry and in all Industries and Services

full-time male employees, on adult rates, whose pay was not affected by absence Construction Industry - SIC 2007 Division F

	FULL-TIME MALES						
	CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY				ALL INDUSTRIES AND SERVICES		
At April Each Year	Mean gross weekly earnings	Mean hourly earning excluding overtime	Mean total weekly hours (including overtime)		Mean gross weekly earnings	Mean hourly earning excluding overtime	Mean total weekly hours (including overtime)
2002	£371.0	£8.60	42.4		£431.9	£10.44	41.1
2003	£386.9	£9.12	42.0		£447.7	£10.91	40.7
2004	£399.2	£9.35	42.3		£466.0	£11.21	41.3
2004 ¹	£403.5	£9.47	42.3		£463.5	£11.16	41.3
2005 ¹	£392.7	£9.34	41.7		£486.5	£11.75	41.1
2006 ¹	£430.6	£10.22	41.5		£502.9	£12.20	41.1
2006 ²	£429.6	£10.19	41.5		£500.9	£12.15	41.1
2007 ²	£456.2	£10.57	42.8		£501.4	£12.17	41.0
2008 ²	£470.3	£10.97	42.5		£520.7	£12.57	41.2
2009 ³	£484.8	£11.90	40.7		£543.6	£13.40	40.3
2010 ³	£529.0	£12.36	42.6		£537.1	£13.05	40.9
2011 ³	£541.7	£12.65	42.7		£557.9	£13.56	40.9
2012 ³	£523.0	£12.33	42.4		£558.9	£13.81	40.3
2013 ³	£515.8	£12.24	42.2		£569.2	£13.96	40.7
2014 ³	£527.0	£12.56	41.5		£563.7	£13.76	40.6
2015 ³	£591.3	£13.87	42.6		£578.7	£14.19	40.6
2016 ³	£588.5	£13.90	42.4		£604.6	£14.73	40.7
2017 ³	£585.6	£13.46	42.5		£610.6	£14.83	40.9

¹ To improve coverage, supplementary data was collected for the 2004 and subsequent ASHE surveys for people who changed or started new jobs between sample selection and the survey period. The ASHE results since 2004 are therefore discontinuous

² For the 2006 ASHE results, ONS also introduced a small number of methodological changes. The ASHE results since 2006 are therefore discontinuous with earlier results.

³ For 2009 ASHE results, ONS moved from using the SIC 2003 Industrial Classifications to using the SIC 2007 Industrial Classifications. The ASHE results since 2009 are therefore discontinuous with earlier results.

2.8 Statistics of accidents reported to HSENI¹ 2002/03 – 2016/17 2.8.1. All accidents – fatal, major injury and over 3 day Total Year **Fatal** Major Over 3 Day 2002/03 21 650 3,039 3,710 2003/04 19 675 2.642 3.336 2004/05 15 640 2,359 3,014 2005/06 20 599 2,645 3,264 2006/07 18 510 2,318 2,846 2007/08 16 557 2,179 2,752 2008/09 19 498 1.947 2.464 2009/10 8 466 1,912 2,386 12 480 2010/11 2,113 2,605 2,397 17 438 2011/12 1,942 2012/13 17 372 1,650 2,039 2013/14 10 472 2,171 2,653 2014/15 26 438 2,276 2,740 2015/16 12 411 1,902 2,325 2,053 2016/17 16 357 1,680 2.8.2. All accidents by industrial sector Year Constr Mfg&Q¹ Educ Health Other **Total Agric** 2002/03 54 212 1,030 481 505 1,428 3,710 2003/04 42 246 963 350 454 1,281 3,336 2004/05 37 250 863 275 442 3,014 1,147 2005/06 44 303 896 1,171 3,264 336 514 32 2006/07 276 808 211 480 1,039 2,846 2007/08 17 332 808 141 436 1,018 2,752 23 722 2008/09 302 306 460 651 2,464 2009/10 16 230 566 305 487 782 2,386 25 202 580 273 642 2010/11 883 2,605 Change to sectors available, see Background notes for details **Public** Constr Health Other Total Year Mfq&Q¹ Educ 2011/12* 479 575 168 623 144 408 2,397 2012/13 408 122 530 347 163 469 2,039 2013/14 350 103 370 103 412 720 2,058 2014/15 466 83 521 165 548 932 2,740 2015/16 442 140 465 93 395 790 2,325 2016/17 349 144 390 103 410 657 2,053

¹ Source: Annual Reports. http://www.hseni.gov.uk/resources/publications.htm

2.8.3. C	onstructio	n sector – des	cription of fat	al accidents	
Year	Number of Fatalities	Occupation	Employment Category	Description	Date
		Painter	Employee	Electrocuted while working from MEWP when it came into contact with overhead power line.	08/05/2002
		Child (boy aged 5 yrs)	Member of the public	Trapped in 225mm diameter sewer pipe.	01/06/2002
		Roofer	Self-employed	Fell from roof while carrying out minor repairs.	19/07/2002
2002/03	8 +1 child	Labourer	Self-employed	Crushed underneath staircase that collapsed.	03/09/2002
		Labourer	Employee	Fell following collapse of 8 staircases during placing of the staircases.	03/09/2002
		Businessman	Self-employed	Crushed under wall knocked over by arm of excavator.	18/11/2002
		Joiner	Employee	Fell 3.6m from cage mounted on	03/12/2002
		Mastic	Employee	Slipped on hip roof and fell underneath	21/01/2003
		asphalter		middle guard rail and onto flat roof	(Died 23 01 2003)
		Builder	Self-employed	Fell 13.5m from extension ladder	07/02/2003
		Joiner	Employee	Fell 2.8m through an opening in the	14/05/2003 (Died
				floor of a timber framed house	16/05/2003)
		Sub-contractor	Self-employed	Crush in a trench collapse	30/08/2003
2003/04	6	Mushroom Picker	Employee	Crushed under an overturned excavator	23/10/2003
		Labourer		Fell from a ladder	17/11/2003
		Digger driver	Self-employed	Crushed under a wall collapse during demolition	10/12/2003 (Died 21/02/2004)
		Builder	Self-employed	Fell approx 7m off a roof	04/03/2004)
		Joiner	Employed	Fell approx 2.4m from a wall with wet	04/10/2004 (Died
0004/05				mortar	07/10/2004)
2004/05			Employed	Crushed under a wall collapse	12/02/05
		Roofer	Employed	Fell approx.12.3m from a roof	15/03/2005
		Road Worker	Self-employed	Knocked over by a reversing lorry	22/03/2005
		Roofer	Employee	Fell approx. 5m through a roof light onto concrete floor	30/05/2005
		Fitter	Employee	Died in explosion at water treatment works whilst carrying out construction maintenance work	06/02/2006
		Farmer	Self-employed	Fell from roof (5m) through Perspex	13/10/2005 (Died
2005/06	5	5		skylight on corrugated farm shed	14/10/2005)
		Painter/ decorator	Employee	Fell from ladder whilst painting facia at eves of house	12/06/2005
		Road Worker	Self-employed	Electrocuted when an articulated lorry made contact with an overhead powerline	28/02/2006

2.8.3.	Construct	ion sector – des	scription of fa	atal accidents (continued)	
Year	Number of Fatalities	Occupation (Age)	Employment Category	Description	Date
		Maintenance	Employee	Fell from roof into well at Stewart Hall, Stewartstown	01/05/2006
		Construction Worker	Employee	Buried when a trench collapsed on top of him at construction site, Ballywalter Road, Millisle	08/052006
2006/07	6	Digger driver	Self-employed	A 9" wall collapsed on him during ground work on a farmyard near Limavady.	27/07/2006
		Joiner	Employee	Mobile building collapsed on top of IP when it was being moved at RAF Aldergrove.	19/09/2006
		Telescopic Handler Driver	Employee	Drowned in tank at construction of new pumping station in Portrush.	06/10/2006
		Engineer		Electrocuted when drilling rig made contact with overhead power line.	31/01/2007
		Grab Driver	Employed	Struck by lorry while standing beside his vehicle	02/05/2007
		Builder*	Self Employed	Fell from scaffolding at a site in Dunmurry	11/08/2007 (Died 18/08/2007)
2007/08	5	Builder*	Self Employed	Fell from garage roof at a house under construction in Ballynahinch	12/09/2007
		General Labourer	Employed	Died from injuries received when struck by collapsing gable wall in Fintona	25/01/2008
		General Labourer	Employed	Struck by reversing vehicle on site in Belfast	27/02/2008
2008/09	2	Plant Operator	Employed	Died when dumper he was driving went off the edge of steep earth ramp	09/05/2008
		General Labourer	Employed	Died from injuries sustained after fall from height on construction site	11/12/2008 (Died 26/12/2008)
2009/10	1	General Operative	Employed	Fell from ladder whilst assisting in repair of roof tiles. Possible seizure/fit	09/07/2009
2010/11	1	Partner	Self Employed	IP fell onto a concrete floor as he was attempting to strip the original roof in preparation for the new roof sheeting	05/06/2010 (Died 19/6/2010)
2011/12	2	Painter/Decorator	Partner in family decorating business	Fell from a ladder - Doagh	20/06/2011
		Building Contractor	Self Employed	Died from head injuries after he was struck by low loader he was repairing - Rasharkin	31/12/2011
2012/13	1	Partner in Firm	Self Employed	Died as a result of head injuries sustained when he was struck by a steel plate. Coleraine.	13/09/2012

2.8.3.	2.8.3. Construction sector – description of fatal accidents (continued)								
Year	Number of Fatalities	Occupation (Age)	Employment Category	Description	Date				
2013/14	1	Construction Worker (39)	Employee	Died in hospital following an accident on 29 June when he was working on a roof of a building at Dunamoy Holiday Homes with two other men when he fell a distance of approx 5 metres onto the concrete floor below. Ballyclare.	29/06/2013 (Died 06/07/2013)				
2013/14	1	Self Employed Contractor (64)	Self-Employed	Died when he fell through the roof of a shed. He and his son were replacing sheeting. Portrush.	21/11/2013				
2014/15	1	Roofer (44)	Employee	Died after falling from a roof in Newtownards.	28/05/14 (died 29/05/14)				
2014/15	1	Roofer (58)	Self-Employed	Died after falling from a roof in Belfast.	02/06/2014				
2014/15	1	Construction Worker (35)	Employee	Died after being struck on the head in Londonderry.	06/11/2014 (died 07/11/14)				
2014/15	1	Construction Worker (21)	Employee	Died after being trapped under an excavator in Strabane.	06/01/2015				
2014/15	1	Construction Worker (57)	Employee	Died after falling through a roof in Portadown.	20/01/2015				
2015/16	1	Builder (47)	Self-employed	Died when the stone saw he was using kicked back and struck him in the neck/throat in Enniskillen.	02/10/2015				
2015/16	1	N/A (43)	Member of Public	Died as a result of hypothermia when he fell into the open excavation to the rear of a property and was found approximately 2 days later in Rathfriland.	28/03/16 Reported 31/03/16				
2016/17	1	Construction Worker (38)	Self-employed	Died while working on lampposts in Warrenpoint.	30/09/2016				
2016/17	1	Subcontractor	Employed	Died while working on a roof in Belfast and fell through a panel.	03/12/2016				
2016/17	1	Builder (70)	Self-employed	Died after falling from a ladder in Belfast.	29/03/2017				

^{*} accidents not reportable under RIDDOR but investigated by HSENI