



## **STATISTICS PRESS RELEASE - NORTHERN IRELAND MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION MEASURE 2010**

9.30am - Wednesday 31<sup>st</sup> March 2010

Results from the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation 2010 study were released today by the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA).

The published results provide relative deprivation ranks for 890 small areas in Northern Ireland with an average population of 2,000 people. Areas with the highest relative deprivation are found in parts of the Falls, New Lodge, Shankill and Whiterock wards in Belfast Local Government District. Areas in Strabane, Lisburn and Derry also feature in the top 30 most deprived areas. The most deprived rural areas are the Castledearg and Glenderg wards in Strabane Local Government District and the Crossmaglen ward in Newry and Mourne Local Government District. A listing of the 100 most deprived small areas in Northern Ireland is given in Table 1. The attached map shows the multiple deprivation measure for all 890 small areas in Northern Ireland.

The 2010 deprivation measures are intended as an update of the 2005 deprivation measures. The choice of indicators in the multiple deprivation measure was informed by the previous deprivation measures and a public consultation exercise.

Small area population estimates were also released by NISRA today. These population estimates indicate that the population in the most deprived areas is falling while the population is increasing across all other areas. In overall terms the population in the most deprived small areas has

decreased by 3.4% while the population has increased by 5.1% over the same period. The population change by deprivation decile is given in Table 2.

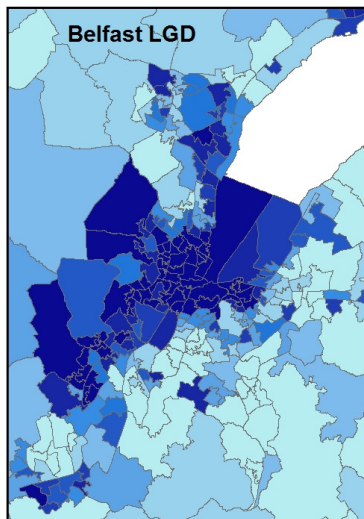
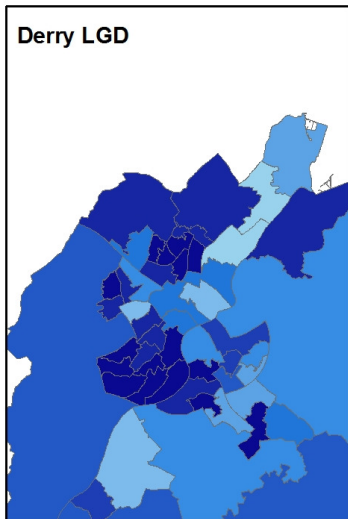
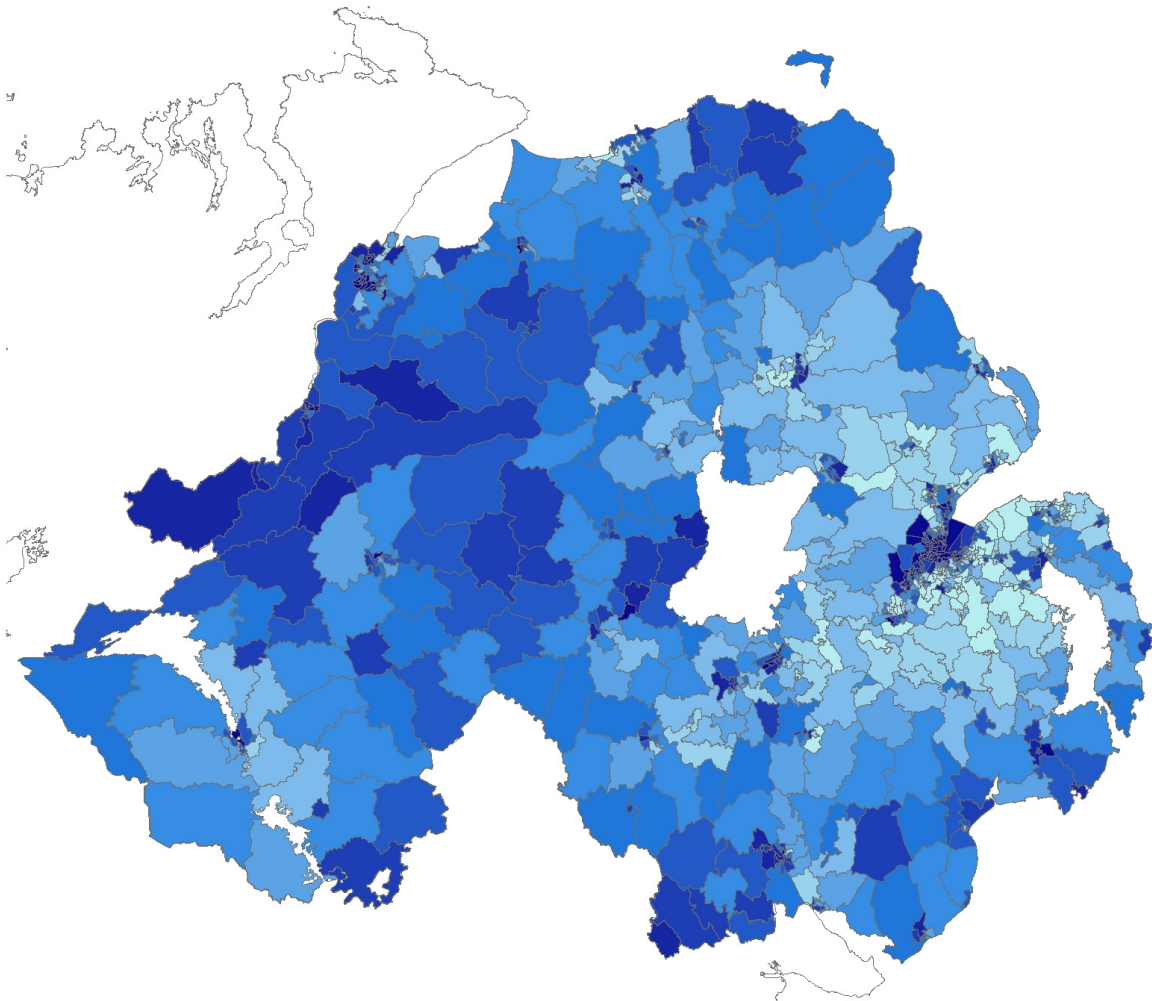
**NISRA**

**March 2010**

Table 1: The 100 most deprived small areas in Northern Ireland – Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure 2010

Rank	Area Name	LGD	Rank	Area Name	LGD	Rank	Area Name	LGD
1	Whiterock_2	Belfast	34	Drumgask_2	Craigavon	67	The Mount_2	Belfast
2	Whiterock_3	Belfast	35	Crevagh_2	Derry	68	Glencairn_1	Belfast
3	Falls_2	Belfast	36	Highfield_3	Belfast	69	Blackstaff_2	Belfast
4	Falls_3	Belfast	37	Creggan South	Derry	70	Legoniel_1	Belfast
5	New Lodge_1	Belfast	38	Collin Glen_2	Lisburn	71	Drumgullion_1	Newry and Mourne
6	Shankill_2	Belfast	39	Culmore_2	Derry	72	Poleglass_1	Lisburn
7	Crumlin_2	Belfast	40	Greystone	Limavady	73	Water Works_3	Belfast
8	Falls_1	Belfast	41	Water Works_2	Belfast	74	Glencolin_3	Belfast
9	Ardoyne_3	Belfast	42	Ardoyne_2	Belfast	75	Ballymacarrett_1	Belfast
10	Creggan Central_1	Derry	43	Ardoyne_1	Belfast	76	Ladybrook_3	Belfast
11	Upper Springfield_3	Belfast	44	Brandywell	Derry	77	Dunanney	Newtownabbey
12	East	Strabane	45	Shantallow East	Derry	78	Shaftesbury_1	Belfast
13	Clonard_1	Belfast	46	Westland	Derry	79	Botanic_5	Belfast
14	New Lodge_2	Belfast	47	Glencolin_4	Belfast	80	Lisanelly_2	Omagh
15	New Lodge_3	Belfast	48	Kilwee_2	Lisburn	81	Cliftonville_1	Belfast
16	Collin Glen_3	Lisburn	49	Creggan Central_2	Derry	82	Coalisland South	Dungannon
17	Twinbrook_2	Lisburn	50	Ballymacarrett_2	Belfast	83	Devenish	Fermanagh
18	Shankill_1	Belfast	51	The Mount_1	Belfast	84	Carn Hill_2	Derry
19	Duncairn_1	Belfast	52	Shaftesbury_3	Belfast	85	Old Warren	Lisburn
20	Upper Springfield_1	Belfast	53	Duncairn_2	Belfast	86	Ebrington_2	Derry
21	Water Works_1	Belfast	54	Shaftesbury_2	Belfast	87	Glen Road_2	Belfast
22	Crumlin_1_Belfast	Belfast	55	Drumgor_2	Craigavon	88	Altnagelvin_1	Derry
23	Ballymacarrett_3	Belfast	56	Beechmount_2	Belfast	89	Cliftonville_3	Belfast
24	Whiterock_1	Belfast	57	Woodvale_1	Belfast	90	Island_1	Belfast
25	Shantallow West_2	Derry	58	Clondermot_1	Derry	91	Ballybot	Newry and Mourne
26	The Diamond	Derry	59	Ballymote	Down	92	Woodville_1	Craigavon
27	Woodvale_3	Belfast	60	Upper Springfield_2	Belfast	93	Northland	Carrickfergus
28	Strand_1_Derry	Derry	61	Ballycolman	Strabane	94	Ballee	Ballymena
29	Shantallow West_1	Derry	62	Glencolin_2	Belfast	95	Daisy hill_1	Newry and Mourne
30	Clonard_2	Belfast	63	Woodstock_2	Belfast	96	Chichester Park_1	Belfast
31	Drumnamoe_1	Craigavon	64	Ballysally_1	Coleraine	97	Castlederg	Strabane
32	Twinbrook_1	Lisburn	65	Coolessan	Limavady	98	Upper Malone_2	Belfast
33	Collin Glen_1	Lisburn	66	Woodvale_2	Belfast	99	Court_1	Craigavon
						100	Monkstown_1	Newtownabbey

Map: Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure 2010 (Belfast and Derry LGD inset)



NI Multiple Deprivation Measure (SOA deciles)

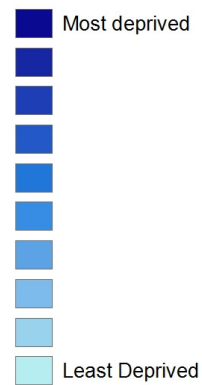


Table 2: Population Change by Deprivation Decile 2001-2008

Deprivation decile (NIMDM 2010)		Total Population 2001	Total Population 2008	Percentage change
<b>Most deprived</b>	<b>1</b>	169,200	163,400	-3.4%
	<b>2</b>	169,300	173,200	2.3%
	<b>3</b>	171,400	176,100	2.8%
	<b>4</b>	178,700	188,700	5.6%
	<b>5</b>	168,800	181,200	7.3%
	<b>6</b>	175,700	190,900	8.6%
	<b>7</b>	167,400	181,100	8.2%
	<b>8</b>	169,000	184,400	9.1%
	<b>9</b>	158,000	171,200	8.4%
<b>Least deprived</b>	<b>10</b>	161,900	164,800	1.8%
<b>Northern Ireland Total</b>		1,689,300	1,775,000	5.1%

Note: Population figures are rounded to the nearest 100 people.

## NOTES TO EDITORS

1. The degree of deprivation in each small area was assessed by 52 separate indicators relating to seven types or 'domains' of deprivation: Income, Employment, Health & Disability, Education Skills & Training, Proximity to Services, Living Environment, and Crime & Disorder. A weighted combination of the seven domains formed the results for the multiple deprivation measure released today. A Consultation Document was published in July 2009 seeking views on proposals to update the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure 2005. The results of the consultation were peer reviewed by external academics and a Blueprint Document detailing the results of the consultation and the final indicators for inclusion in the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure 2010 was published in February 2010.
2. The Multiple Deprivation Measure is produced for 890 Super Output Areas (SOA) in Northern Ireland. SOAs have an average population of approximately 2,000 people and were created as the output geography for the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure 2005. SOAs were constructed from Census Output Areas (the smallest geographical unit with an average population of approximately 350 people) and amalgamated on a ward by ward basis taking population, housing characteristics and ward boundaries into account.
3. A complete list of Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure 2010 results at the small area level can be downloaded from the NISRA website [www.nisra.gov.uk/deprivation.htm](http://www.nisra.gov.uk/deprivation.htm). A CD containing the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure and the Small Area Population Estimates is available on request.

4. A report will be published later in the Summer. Copies of the report will be available for download from the NISRA website [www.nisra.gov.uk/deprivation.htm](http://www.nisra.gov.uk/deprivation.htm).

5. All media inquiries should be directed to DFP Press Office

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6. Further information on the statistics provided can be obtained from Demography and Methodology Branch:

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