

Community support for saving lives

2015 Statistical Report

Covering the reporting period 1st January 2015 – 31st December 2015

Published 5th August 2016

The Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership

42 Montgomery Road Belfast BT6 9LD Statistics & Research

info@nisafetypartnership.org

Introduction

This report presents key statistics relating to the activity of the Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership (NIRSP) for the calendar year 2015. The aim of the Partnership is:

- To support Northern Ireland's Road Safety Strategy to 2020 by reducing speeding, which has a direct impact upon casualty reduction, through targeted enforcement using a range of approved detection equipment, including safety camera technology.
- To support Northern Ireland's Road Safety Strategy to 2020 by the delivery of educational campaigns and initiatives including education of offending drivers.

There are currently 90 permanently signed locations where eight safety camera vehicles operate. In addition there are also four fixed safety cameras, six fixed red light running cameras and one average speed enforcement camera system. These have been introduced over three phases. Phase 1 was introduced in July 2003; this is when enforcement began at 61 permanently signed locations and the four fixed safety camera sites. Five of the red light running sites was introduced in 2007 while the sixth site followed in 2008. A further 10 locations were introduced in Phase 2 in 2010 that are enforced by the safety camera vehicles. Phase 3 was introduced in late 2014 and it incorporates a further 26 locations that will be enforced by the safety camera vehicles.

Further information about the Partnership including the location of sites can be obtained from the Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership website

This report provides statistics from the NIRSP from 1st January 2015 up to and including 31st December 2015. These include –

- Detections by NIRSP for Speeding¹
- Detections by NIRSP for Red Light Running
- Numbers of people who have completed the Speed Awareness Course
- Collision statistics at safety camera sites
- The number of times NIRSP vans were deployed at safety camera sites.

For the purpose of this report a detection is defined as when a driver is caught speeding or in breach of a red light running camera and is subsequently dealt with by any of the following;

- completing a Speed Awareness Course,
- being referred for a fixed penalty,
- being referred for prosecution.

¹ Figures relating to persons caught speeding by PSNI Officers are not included in this report as the Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership is a separate organisation.

Key Findings

- 46,500 people were detected by the Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership in 2015 either speeding or running a red light. This is a 9.6% increase on the number of detections in 2014 (42,429).
- The number of detections in 2015 is more than 4 times the number of detections recorded by NIRSP in 2004. The main reason for this increase is because the NIRSP reduced the threshold at which a driver can be detected speeding during 2010 and again in 2012 (see Figure 1, page 9 for more details).
- Of the 46,500 persons detected, 23,970 (51.5%) resulted in the driver attending a Speed Awareness Course, a further 20,870 (44.9%) were referred for a Fixed Penalty Notice (FPN) while the remaining 1,660 (3.6%) were referred to the Public Prosecution Service (PPS) for prosecution.
- Three quarters (74.6%, 34,692) of the detections in 2015 were made by mobile speed cameras. This is up from 2014 when 70.7% of all detections were made by mobile cameras.
- Of the 10,318 drivers detected by fixed cameras, the fixed site on the Saintfield Road, Belfast accounted for one third of all detections, followed by Antrim Road, Belfast (31.9%), Upper Newtownards Road, Belfast (20.2%) and Springfield Road, Belfast (14.7%).
- The highest speed recorded in 2015 was 99mph; there were 4 detections at this speed.
- In 2015, 590 people were detected by one of the six red right running cameras across Northern Ireland, a decrease of 11.7% compared with 2014. This decrease is most likely due to a number of the cameras being out of operation in 2015.
- The site that recorded the most red light running detections in 2015 was at the junction of Nelson Street, Belfast where 205 drivers were detected for running the red light (34.7% of all red light running detections).
- There were 3,639 deployments of the Road Safety Partnership vans in 2015, a 12.1% increase on the number of deployments in 2014.
- There were 809 injury collisions recorded at safety camera sites in 2015, a decrease of 4% on the number recorded in 2014. There were 775 at fixed and mobile camera sites and 34 at red light running sites in 2015 compared with 818 at fixed and mobile camera sites and 22 at red light running sites in 2014 (2014 figures will differ to that previously published as collisions at phase 3 sites have now been included. Please see pages 11 14 for further details).

Table 1: Detections at Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership Sites

	2015
Mobile Speed Cameras	34,692
Fixed Speed Cameras	10,318
SPECs (Average Speed)	900
Red Light Running Cameras	590
Total	46,500

- There were 46,500 detections by the Road Safety Partnership in 2015 (approximately 127 per day); this is an increase of 9.6% on the 42,429 detections made in 2014 (approximately 116 per day).
- Fixed camera detections decreased by 10.2% when compared with 2014. One of the fixed cameras was out of operation for four of the twelve months.
- SPECs (Average Speed) camera detections increased by 239.6% in 2015 when compared with 2014. The SPECs (Average Speed) cameras were out of operation for a number of months in 2014.
- There was a 15.6% increase in the number of detections at mobile cameras sites; the time taken to fully train new Safety Camera Operators had an impact on the deployments and subsequent detections in 2014 and most likely explains the increase seen in 2015.
- May was the month with highest number of detections (4,904), while December had the lowest number (2,644).
- Of the 45,910 speed related detections in 2015 over half of the drivers detected completed a speed awareness course (23,970, 52.2%). This is similar to previous years.

Table 2: Detections at Fixed Camera Sites²

	2015
Antrim Rd, Belfast	3,293
Saintfield Rd, Belfast	3,433
Springfield Rd, Belfast	1,512
Upper Newtownards Rd,	
Belfast	2,080
Total	10,318

- The Saintfield Road, Belfast was the fixed camera site with the most detections. It accounted for one third of all detections at fixed camera sites.
- April was the month with highest number of detections at fixed camera sites (1,433, 13.9%).

² During 2015 the fixed camera sites occasionally become unserviceable and need to be repaired by specialist engineers which can affect the number of detections achieved.

Table 3: Detections at Mobile Camera Sites / Routes³

Site Description	2015
P1 A1 Sprucefield Rbt to Sheepbridge Rd	1,949
P1 A2 Ballyreagh Rd, Portrush	-
P1 A2 Belfast to Bangor Road	528
P1 A2 Newcastle Rd, Kilkeel	4
P1 A20 Portaferry Rd, Kircubbin	147
P1 A25 Newry to Beleek	129
P1 A29 Cookstown Rd	42
P1 A55 Outer Ring, Belfast	561
P1 A7 Saintfield Rd/Belfast Rd, Carryduff	1
P1 A8, Larne	555
P1 Armagh - Monaghan Rd, Middletown	338
P1 Armagh Rd, Portadown	629
P1 Ballybogey Rd, Ballymoney	-
P1 Ballycastle Rd, Coleraine	-
P1 Ballyclare Rd, Glengormley	31
P1 Ballyquin Rd, Limavady	224
P1 Ballysillan Rd, Belfast	284
P1 Bangor Rd, Nards	256
P1 Bangor Ring Rd	414
P1 Castlereagh Rd, Belfast	26
P1 Cliftonville Rd, Belfast	5
P1 Comber Rd, Dundonald	300
P1 Cornagrade Rd A32, Enniskillen	241
P1 Crumlin Rd, Belfast	83
P1 Culmore Rd, LDerry	961
P1 Donaghadee Rd, Bangor	247
P1 Doogary to Ballygawley Rbt A5	348
P1 Drum Rd A505, Cookstown	381
P1 Dublin Rd, Newry	683
P1 Dublin Road, Antrim	1
·	•
P1 Dundrum Rd, Newcastle	13
P1 Dungiven Rd, LDerry	805
P1 Dunhill Rd, Limavady	-
P1 Enniskillen - Derrylin Rd A509	-
P1 Enniskillen - Lisbellaw A4	66
P1 Falls/Andersonstown/Stewartstown Rd, Belfast	85
P1 Foreglen Rd A6 Dungiven	10
P1 Frosses/Crankhill Rd Ballymena/Ballymoney	1,574
P1 Galgorm Rd, Ballymena	18
P1 Glen Rd, Belfast	57
P1 Glenshane Rd A6 LDerry	-
P1 Glenshane Rd, Maghera	566
P1 Killyclougher Rd A505, Omagh	23
P1 Knockmore Rd, Lisburn	1
P1 Magherafelt Rd, Moneymore	37
P1 Malone/University/Milltown Rd, Belfast	1,053
P1 Mill Hill, Castlewellan	16
P1 Moyarget Rd, Ballycastle	499
P1 Moyarget Rd/Ballinea Rd, Ballycastle	-
P1 Newry Rd, Warrenpoint	680

 $^{^{3}}$ Where a – is shown, it means this site was dormant throughout 2015 and no enforcement took place at this site

Total	34,692
Community Concern Site ⁴	10,687
P3 Whitewell Rd, Belfast	55
P3 Whiterock Rd, Belfast	15
P3 Westland Rd, Belfast	46
P3 Victoria Rd, Magheramason	14
P3 Upper Lisburn Rd, Belfast	0
P3 Stiles Way, Antrim	142
P3 Rathfriland Rd, Hilltown	56
P3 Old Glenarm Rd, Larne	219
P3 Main St, Derrylin	110
P3 Glenravel Rd, Cargan P3 Kings Rd, Belfast	130 638
P3 Donaghadee Rd, Newtownards	289
P3 Donaghadaa Rd, Newtownarda	83
P3 Cushendall Rd, Ballymena	144
P3 Crumlin Rd, Belfast	215
P3 Cromore Rd, Coleriane	200
P3 Crawfordsburn Rd, Bangor	156
P3 Clooney Rd, L'Derry	253
P3 Castlewellan Rd, Hilltown	251
P3 Castlehill Rd, Belfast	190
P3 Carnmoney Rd, Glengormely	334
P3 Blacks Rd, Belfast	198
P3 Belmont Rd, Belfast	819
P3 Balmoral Ave, Belfast	126
P3 Ballynahinch Rd, Carryduff	623
P3 Antrim Rd, Glengormley	81
P2 Shore Rd Eden to Belfast	1,446
P2 Saintfield Rd, Lisburn	0
P2 Prospect Rd, Carrickfergus	167
P2 Prince William Rd, Lisburn	0
P2 North Rd, Carrickfergus	110
P2 Moorlough Rd, Lisnaskea	-
P2 Gosford Rd, Tandragee	10
P2 Downpatrick Rd, Ardglass	-
P2 Belfast Rd, Maguiresbridge	6
P2 Antrim Rd, Belfast	68
P1 Woodburn Rd, Carrickfergus	97
P1 Warrenpoint Rd, Newry	-
P1 Upper Lisburn Rd, Belfast	158
P1 Tobermore Rd, Maghera	-
P1 Tandragee Rd, Bessbrook	-
P1 Springfield Rd, Belfast	365
P1 Scarva Rd, Banbridge	300
P1 Saintfield Rd, Upp Galwally, Belfast	990
P1 Saintfield Rd, Carryduff	8
P1 Portaferry Rd, Nards	22

⁴ Community Concern sites are enforced where there is a well-founded concern, raised via the Policing and Community Safety Partnerships (PCSPs) or the PSNI Area Commander, that a failure to reduce speeds will result in KSI (Killed or Serious Injury) collisions and that the location poses a significant risk to road safety. Once approved for enforcement, camera operators use temporary signs at these locations.

- More than two thirds of all detections at mobile camera sites (24,005, 69.2%) in 2015 were at permanent sites and the remaining 30.8% were at community concern sites.
- The Sprucefield to Sheepbridge Road route, had the most detections with 1,949 in 2015 while there a small number of sites with 0 (zero) detections. There are a variety of reasons for certain sites having low level of detections including; low numbers of drivers breaching the speed threshold on sites where a higher speed limit is in force (60 mph+), changes to the road layout since the site was first adopted resulting in less speeding (e.g. introduction of a roundabout on a previously straight stretch of road), the opening of new roads providing alternative routes for drivers or road works in the area preventing deployment of the safety camera van.

Table 4: Speeding detections by speed limit: 2015

Speed Limit (mph)	Number of detections	Highest speed recorded (mph)
30	32,573	87
40	7,309	83
50	696	77
60	5,232	99
70	100	99
Total	45,910	

- More than two thirds (70.9%) of all speed related detections were on 30mph roads.
- The highest speed recorded in 2015 was 99mph; there were 4 detections made at this speed on the following roads
 - Frosses / Crankill Road Ballymena / Ballymoney (a 70mph road)
 - Glenshane Rd Maghera (a 60mph road)
 - o A1 Sprucefield to Sheepbridge Road (a 60mph road)
 - A2 Belfast to Bangor Road (a 60mph road)

Table 5: Detections at Red Light Running Camera Sites

	2015
Castle St, Belfast	17
Glenshane Rd, L'Derry	66
Middlepath St, Belfast	69
Millfield at Peter's Hill,	
Belfast	140
Nelson St, Belfast	205
York St, Belfast	93
Total	590

• There was a decrease of 11.7% on the number of detections at red light running sites in 2015 when compared with 2014. This is mainly due to a number of the cameras being out of operation for a period of time in 2015.

Table 6: Age of drivers detected by camera type 2015

Age of driver	Mobile Speed Cameras	Fixed Speed Cameras	SPECs (Average Speed)	Red Light Running Camera	Total
Under 25	2,589	1,150	161	75	3,975
25 - 39	9,001	2,895	348	107	12,351
40 - 54	9,939	2,953	187	122	13,201
55 - 69	5,487	1,383	66	48	6,984
70+	1,534	274	3	13	1,824
Unknown	6,142	1,663	135	225	8,165
Total	34,692	10,318	900	590	46,500

- Where age was known, over one third of all persons detected by the RSP in 2015 were aged 40 – 54 (34.4%), a further 32.2% were aged 25 – 39.
- Persons aged under 25 accounted for 10.4% of all those detected, where the age is known, however they account for one in five (21.0%) of all those detected by the average speed camera (SPECs) and a further one in five of those detected by a red light running camera.

Table 7: Detections by time of day

Time of Day	2015
0000-0259	911
0300-0559	447
0600-0859	2,708
0900-1159	14,984
1200-1459	16,160
1500-1759	6,388
1800-2059	3,523
2100-2359	1,379
Total	46,500

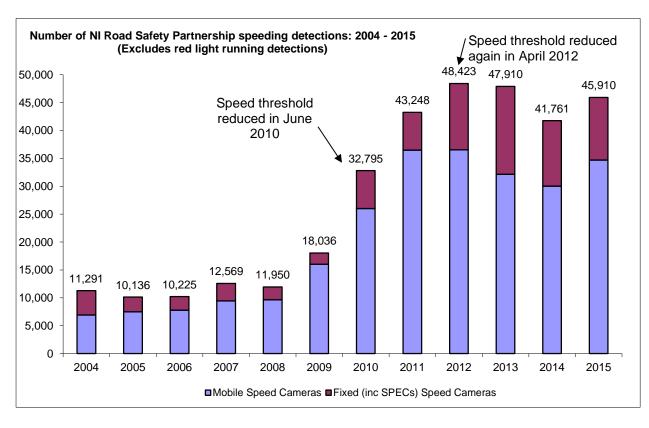
• Just over one in three detections in 2015 (34.8%) were between midday and 3pm, followed by a further one third (32.2%) between 9am and midday.

Table 8: Detections at Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership Sites 2004 – 2015

	Mobile Speed Cameras	Fixed Speed Cameras	SPECs (Average Speed) ⁵	Red Light Running Camera ⁶	Total
2004	6,915	4,376	-	-	11,291
2005	7,501	2,635	-	-	10,136
2006	7,781	2,440	4	-	10,225
2007	9,450	3,095	24	109	12,678
2008	9,642	2,300	8	519	12,469
2009	16,016	2,020	0	605	18,641
2010	26,006	6,709	80	736	33,531
2011	36,467	6,651	130	363	43,611
2012	36,546	11,413	464	484	48,907
2013	32,154	15,157	599	422	48,332
2014	30,012	11,484	265	668	42,429
2015	34,692	10,318	900	590	46,500

- There was more than 4 times the number of detections in 2015 than were made 11 years ago in 2004. The main reason for this increase is because the NIRSP reduced the speed threshold at which a driver can be detected speeding (see Figure 1 below).
- The first pointed increase in the number of detections was in 2009 prior to any changes in the threshold. The main reason for this was that operators became civilianised in December 2008. Prior to this the vans were operated by PSNI officers.

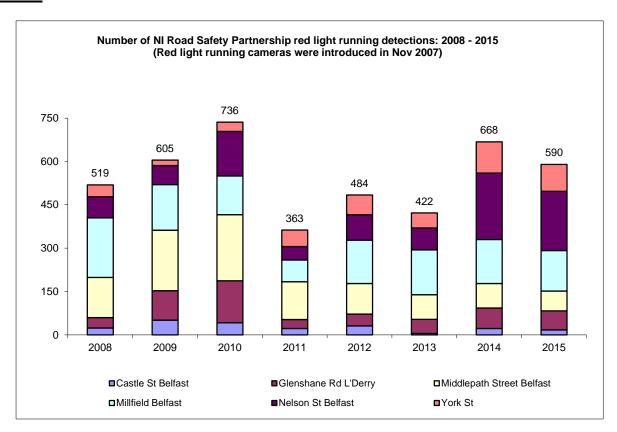
Figure 1



⁵ SPECs (Average Speed) first launched 7th August 2006

⁶ Red Light Running cameras first launched 26th November 2007

Figure 2⁷



 The site that recorded the most red light running detections was at the junction of Nelson Street, Belfast where 205 drivers were detected for running the red light (34.7% of all red light running detections).

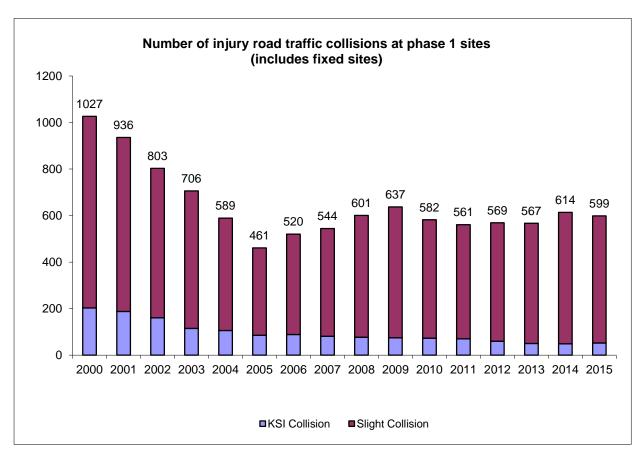
_

⁷ The red light running site at Glenshane Road, L'Derry launched in September 2008

Injury road traffic collisions at RSP sites

- There were 809 injury collisions recorded at safety camera sites in 2015, a decrease of 3.7% on the number recorded in 2014. There were 775 at fixed and mobile camera sites and 34 at red light running sites in 2015 compared with 818 at fixed and mobile camera sites and 22 at red light running sites in 2014. (2014 figures will differ to that previously published as collisions at phase 3 sites have now been included.)
- There were 68 KSI injury collisions recorded at safety camera sites in 2015, 4 more than in 2014. There were 67 at fixed and mobile camera sites and 1 at red light running sites in 2015, compared with 64 at fixed and mobile camera sites and 0 (zero) at red light running sites in 2014.

Figure 3

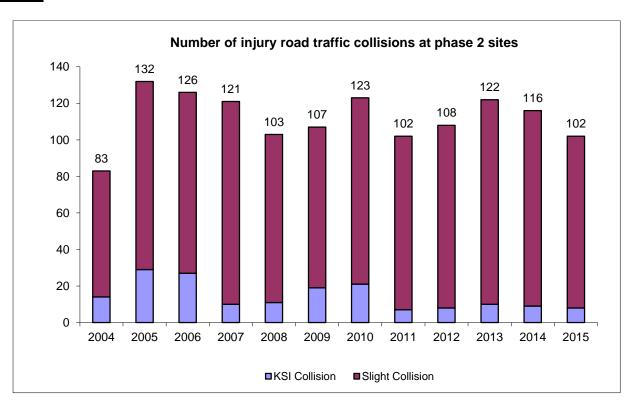


Phase 1 sites

- There were 599 injury collisions recorded at phase 1 sites in 2015, a decrease of 2.4% on the number recorded in 2014. There were 52 KSI collisions recorded at phase 1 sites in 2015, three more than in 2014.
- Looking at the collisions recorded at phase 1 RSP sites over the period 2013 2015
 there is a reduction in KSI collisions of 72.6% at phase 1 sites when compared with the
 three year period prior to the launch of the Partnership (2000 2002). However not all
 of this decrease can be directly attributable to the presence of safety cameras as there
 also has been a general decrease in KSI collisions in Northern Ireland in the three year

period 2013 – 2015 compared with the three year period prior to the launch of Partnership (51.5%).

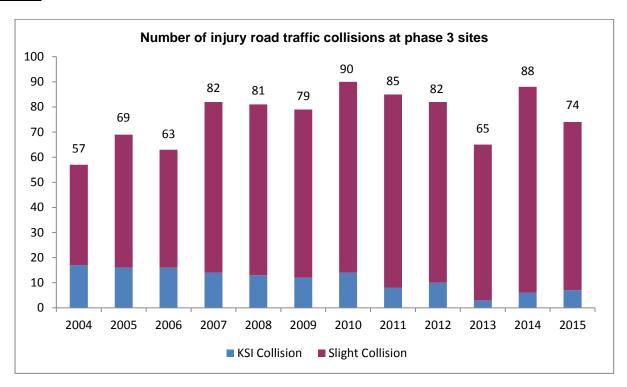
Figure 4



Phase 2 sites

- There were 102 injury collisions recorded at phase 2 sites in 2015, a 12.1% decrease on the number recorded in 2014.
- When looking at phase 2 sites over the same time period of 2013 2015 it shows a reduction in KSI collisions of 37.5% when compared with the three year period prior to the launch of phase 2 (2007 2009). As with the phase 1 sites not all of this decrease can be directly attributable to the presence of safety cameras as there also has been a general decrease in KSI collisions in Northern Ireland in the three year period 2013 2015 compared with the three year period prior to the launch of phase 2 (29.6%).

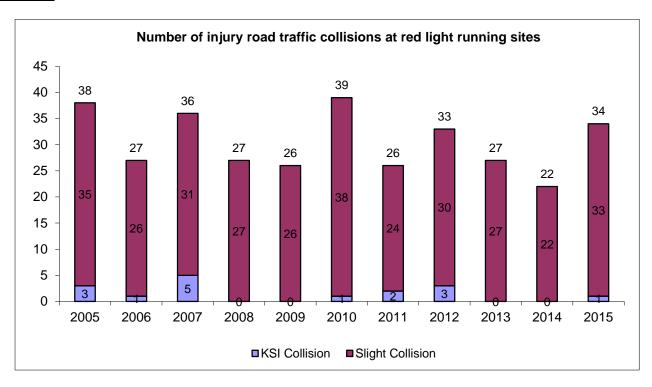
Figure 5



Phase 3 sites

- There were 74 injury collisions recorded at phase 3 sites in 2015, a 15.9% decrease on the number recorded in 2014.
- As phase 3 was only launched in late 2014 three year comparisons cannot be made. However when looking at phase 3 sites over the year 2015 it shows an increase of 4 KSI collisions when compared with 2013 (the year period prior to the launch of phase 3).

Figure 6



Red light running sites

• There were 34 injury collisions recorded at red light running sites in 2015, an increase of 12 on the 22 injury collisions recorded in 2014.

Regression to the Mean

In addition to the general decrease in injury collisions another important factor to be considered when evaluating safety camera sites is the regression to the mean (RTM) effect. This is a statistical term that refers to the fact that road traffic collisions are random events and their incidence at any location can vary over time. Due to the very nature of how safety camera sites are identified (i.e. based on their high KSI collision history over the previous 3 years) some of the sites selected could have an abnormally high level of KSI collisions by chance (randomly). Therefore when identified as a safety camera site and enforced, the same high level of KSI collisions is unlikely to repeated in subsequent years and it is argued that KSI collisions would decrease at these sites as they 'regress to the mean' regardless of safety camera enforcement.

The Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership is unable to quantify the contribution of the RTM effect as we don't have access to all the required data variables in order to replicate the complex statistical modelling approach adopted by the Department of Transport (DfT) in their examination of the RTM effect in 2005⁸. Whilst we can't calculate the effect of safety cameras

⁸ The National Safety Camera Programme Four Year Evaluation Report December 2005 http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20090104005813/http://www.dft.gov.uk/pgr/roadsafety/speedmanagement/nscp/nscp/coll_thenationalsafetycameraprog/thenationalsafetycameraprogr4598

in reducing collisions in Northern Ireland, we have attempted to minimise the RTM effect by increasing the time period used to identify RSP safety camera sites (we use 5 year collision histories instead of the 3 year period normally adopted across the rest of the UK).

In the absence of a measure for the RTM effect in Northern Ireland the Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership believe that the findings of the research conducted in 2005 for DfT in England and Wales and other similar related research would be equally applicable to the scheme in Northern Ireland. All the relevant research would indicate that whilst regression-to-mean effect does appear to account for some of the reduction in collisions at camera sites, the safety effects of the cameras still remain substantial.

Deployment

There are currently 8 highly visible mobile speed camera vans that operate 7 days a week throughout Northern Ireland at 90 permanently signed locations as well as community concern sites.

Table 9: Number of deployments by day of week and month of year

				2015				
	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Total
January	20	68	56	46	54	65	42	351
February	28	67	57	53	62	56	28	351
March	16	59	68	37	30	43	35	288
April	27	39	42	57	66	49	35	315
May	37	51	40	53	44	59	46	330
June	21	52	56	44	32	42	26	273
July	27	36	45	59	64	57	21	309
August	28	55	40	35	50	43	41	292
September	20	45	56	71	42	36	32	302
October	19	58	52	51	60	52	55	347
November	26	58	47	43	49	45	20	288
December	14	22	45	35	42	24	11	193
Total	283	610	604	584	595	571	392	3,639

- There were 3,639 deployments of the NIRSP vans in 2015.
- Monday was the day of the week with the highest number of deployments (610, 16.8%), while Sunday had the lowest number (283, 7.8%).

Appendix 1: Detection breakdown by month

Detections at Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership Sites

		2015											2014	
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	Total
Mobile Speed Cameras	2,656	2,719	2,456	2,885	3,390	2,752	3,437	3,434	3,056	3,614	2,601	1,692	34,692	30,012
Fixed Speed Cameras	577	871	1,073	1,433	1,280	931	739	512	256	895	877	874	10,318	11,484
SPECs (Average Speed)	128	38	68	245	160	15	24	41	56	34	33	58	900	265
Red Light Running Camera	60	56	66	57	74	48	46	30	51	55	27	20	590	668
Total	3,421	3,684	3,663	4,620	4,904	3,746	4,246	4,017	3,419	4,598	3,538	2,644	46,500	42,429

Detections at Fixed Camera Sites9

	2015											2014		
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	Total
Antrim Rd, Belfast	241	275	317	398	313	287	311	368	105	241	205	232	3,293	4,229
Saintfield Rd, Belfast	45	290	296	559	549	466	428	56	0	322	231	191	3,433	2,818
Springfield Rd, Belfast	43	81	224	178	237	178	0	88	151	97	128	107	1,512	2,397
Upper Newtownards Rd,														
Belfast	248	225	236	298	181	0	0	0	0	235	313	344	2,080	2,040
Total	577	871	1,073	1,433	1,280	931	739	512	256	895	877	874	10,318	11,484

Detections at SPECs (Average Speed Camera) Site

		2015													
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	Total	
SPECs (Average Speed)	128	38	68	245	160	15	24	41	56	34	33	58	900	265	

⁹ During 2015 the fixed camera sites occasionally become unserviceable and need to be repaired by specialist engineers which can affect the number of detections achieved.

Detections at Mobile Camera Sites

							2015							2014
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	Total
Community Concern Site	706	748	736	905	906	973	951	1,057	1,067	1,271	872	495	10,687	8,978
P1 A1 Sprucefield Rbt to														
Sheepbridge Rd	149	66	129	167	200	86	266	258	119	249	115	145	1,949	604
P1 A2 Ballyreagh Rd, Portrush	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	102
P1 A2 Belfast to Bangor Road	17	14	12	16	48	45	52	72	84	82	40	46	528	402
P1 A2 Newcastle Rd, Kilkeel	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	32
P1 A20 Portaferry Rd, Kircubbin	9	28	3	12	10	2	12	18	24	23	3	3	147	338
P1 A25 Newry to Beleek	0	0	42	0	0	55	0	0	32	0	0	0	129	0
P1 A29 Cookstown Rd	6	0	0	6	14	5	7	2	0	2	0	0	42	32
P1 A55 Outer Ring, Belfast	21	14	15	38	62	50	83	54	79	73	21	51	561	162
P1 A7 Saintfield Rd/Belfast Rd,														
Carryduff	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
P1 A8, Larne	52	89	46	11	79	64	38	79	15	17	30	35	555	527
P1 Armagh - Monaghan Rd,														
Middletown	25	23	15	34	30	30	42	18	56	36	16	13	338	183
P1 Armagh Rd, Portadown	67	50	83	63	73	41	65	47	59	27	34	20	629	506
P1 Ballybogey Rd, Ballymoney	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
P1 Ballycastle Rd, Coleraine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
P1 Ballyclare Rd, Glengormley	2	2	1	3	0	3	5	3	5	0	7	0	31	48
P1 Ballyquin Rd, Limavady	7	33	18	8	41	0	27	25	13	12	18	22	224	244
P1 Ballysillan Rd, Belfast	27	30	14	16	11	36	19	20	49	26	7	29	284	618
P1 Bangor Rd, Nards	10	15	3	40	9	21	20	45	37	32	4	20	256	305
P1 Bangor Ring Rd	21	52	24	21	18	87	12	41	45	25	21	47	414	332
P1 Castlereagh Rd, Belfast	1	10	6	0	1	0	0	0	3	4	1	0	26	65
P1 Cliftonville Rd, Belfast	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	15
P1 Comber Rd, Dundonald	0	0	0	0	61	32	66	34	42	39	17	9	300	0
P1 Cornagrade Rd A32,														
Enniskillen	18	18	20	37	9	24	11	21	11	23	35	14	241	362
P1 Crumlin Rd, Belfast	14	12	0	15	3	8	1	3	9	0	13	5	83	190
P1 Culmore Rd, LDerry	90	44	124	92	186	33	90	44	9	50	143	56	961	1,396
P1 Donaghadee Rd, Bangor	8	7	8	48	16	8	17	35	49	14	16	21	247	227
P1 Doogary to Ballygawley A5	34	24	22	41	24	46	33	23	24	26	31	20	348	510
P1 Drum Rd A505, Cookstown	11	52	37	67	21	0	13	64	0	54	34	28	381	397

P1 Dublin Rd, Newry	144	95	53	69	53	24	50	0	63	37	65	30	683	121
P1 Dublin Road, Antrim	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	7
P1 Dundrum Rd, Newcastle	0	0	0	0	4	7	0	0	0	1	1	0	13	9
P1 Dungiven Rd, LDerry	91	91	160	50	87	51	77	69	23	64	29	13	805	1,637
P1 Dunhill Rd, Limavady	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
P1 Enniskillen - Derrylin Rd														
A509	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
P1 Enniskillen - Lisbellaw A4	4	10	0	2	9	3	3	6	11	10	6	2	66	75
P1														
Falls/Andersonstown/Stewartsto														
wn Rd, Belfast	10	4	8	16	0	13	12	11	1	5	0	5	85	144
P1 Foreglen Rd A6 Dungiven	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	346
P1 Frosses/Crankhill Rd														
Ballymena/Ballymoney	81	180	184	174	163	100	180	113	120	94	120	65	1,574	1,807
P1 Galgorm Rd, Ballymena	0	3	6	6	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	18	12
P1 Glen Rd, Belfast	7	13	0	21	6	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	57	85
P1 Glenshane Rd A6 LDerry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
P1 Glenshane Rd, Maghera	28	86	17	13	120	0	149	83	10	30	1	29	566	1,339
P1 Killyclougher Rd A505,														
Omagh	0	2	0	1	2	0	7	0	0	4	5	2	23	24
P1 Knockmore Rd, Lisburn	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
P1 Magherafelt Rd, Moneymore	0	4	0	4	4	9	0	5	6	5	0	0	37	116
P1 Malone/University/Milltown														
Rd, Belfast	36	39	22	115	194	43	146	149	78	77	75	79	1,053	458
P1 Mill Hill, Castlewellan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	4	4	16	21
P1 Moyarget Rd, Ballycastle	40	32	28	44	43	48	110	49	44	23	38	0	499	709
P1 Moyarget Rd/Ballinea Rd,														
Ballycastle	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
P1 Newry Rd, Warrenpoint	70	97	48	73	42	7	45	64	41	74	42	77	680	340
P1 Old Holywood Rd, Belfast	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
P1 Portaferry Rd, Nards	4	4	0	2	4	1	0	2	3	1	0	1	22	39
P1 Saintfield Rd, Carryduff	0	1	0	2	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	2	8	10
P1 Saintfield Rd, Upp Galwally,														
Belfast	0	0	0	0	131	158	67	218	122	142	86	66	990	26
P1 Scarva Rd, Banbridge	18	12	19	49	19	27	42	24	35	22	18	15	300	203
P1 Springfield Rd, Belfast	1	42	50	0	18	103	0	32	21	50	27	21	365	433
P1 Tandragee Rd, Bessbrook	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
P1 Tobermore Rd, Maghera	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60
P1 Upper Lisburn Rd, Belfast	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	86	30	25	158	0
P1 Warrenpoint Rd, Newry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6

P1 Woodburn Rd, Carrickfergus	13	11	9	11	9	0	13	13	6	10	0	2	97	97
P2 Antrim Rd, Belfast	9	7	7	15	0	2	0	0	12	4	8	4	68	335
P2 Belfast Rd, Maguiresbridge	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	12
P2 Downpatrick Rd, Ardglass	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
P2 Gosford Rd, Tandragee	3	1	1	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	10	35
P2 Moorlough Rd, Lisnaskea	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
P2 North Rd, Carrickfergus	14	4	7	15	8	18	5	5	8	6	18	2	110	126
P2 Prince William Rd, Lisburn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
P2 Prospect Rd, Carrickfergus	45	19	20	12	6	6	0	21	6	16	5	11	167	156
P2 Saintfield Rd, Lisburn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
P2 Shore Rd Eden to Belfast	265	208	149	97	117	40	146	61	157	87	82	37	1,446	2,236
P3 Antrim Rd, Glengormley	4	0	0	9	6	0	15	0	0	42	5	0	81	0
P3 Ballynahinch Rd, Carryduff	37	28	21	19	119	65	26	105	59	98	46	0	623	462
P3 Balmoral Ave, Belfast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	32	23	22	126	0
P3 Belmont Rd, Belfast	30	12	39	77	0	30	174	98	76	185	74	24	819	594
P3 Blacks Rd, Belfast	10	11	27	30	25	26	9	23	0	10	11	16	198	0
P3 Carnmoney Rd, Glengormely	45	67	23	25	73	0	0	45	0	41	15	0	334	0
P3 Castlehill Rd, Belfast	20	18	16	17	29	13	16	18	1	21	17	4	190	177
P3 Castlewellan Rd, Hilltown	33	26	45	11	10	0	33	23	27	28	8	7	251	78
P3 Clooney Rd, L'Derry	26	24	6	27	57	6	32	45	11	12	2	5	253	242
P3 Crawfordsburn Rd, Bangor	5	7	10	12	11	35	20	14	3	33	6	0	156	184
P3 Cromore Rd, Coleriane	37	18	8	30	24	17	25	0	16	13	12	0	200	48
P3 Crumlin Rd, Belfast	17	0	14	0	0	35	8	19	44	34	21	23	215	0
P3 Cushendall Rd, Ballymena	28	27	18	23	0	0	3	0	7	14	24	0	144	12
P3 Doagh Rd, Newtownabbey	14	4	10	15	5	6	12	3	13	1	0	0	83	0
P3 Donaghadee Rd,														
Newtownards	9	42	12	20	18	55	22	26	40	29	10	6	289	0
P3 Glenravel Rd, Cargan	1	19	9	16	5	8	20	13	8	11	11	9	130	207
P3 Kings Rd, Belfast	25	10	7	37	116	51	92	93	52	26	126	3	638	0
P3 Main St, Derrylin	11	12	10	7	7	9	15	1	11	11	16	0	110	115
P3 Old Glenarm Rd, Larne	40	46	22	39	8	24	9	8	9	0	14	0	219	37
P3 Rathfriland Rd, Hilltown	11	8	0	11	0	7	0	0	9	0	10	0	56	43
P3 Stiles Way, Antrim	48	23	0	9	4	4	13	10	3	28	0	0	142	0
P3 Upper Lisburn Rd, Belfast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
P3 Victoria Rd, Magheramason	1	0	3	0	0	4	3	0	0	1	0	2	14	4
P3 Westland Rd, Belfast	8	12	0	8	4	0	0	0	8	0	6	0	46	67
P3 Whiterock Rd, Belfast	1	3	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0
P3 Whitewell Rd, Belfast	17	0	7	0	7	10	2	1	11	0	0	0	55	82
Total	2,656	2,719	2,456	2,885	3,390	2,752	3,437	3,434	3,056	3,614	2,601	1,692	34,692	30,012

Detections at Red Light Running Camera Sites

							201	5						2014
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	Total
Castle St, Belfast	1	1	3	0	3	0	2	2	2	2	1	0	17	22
Glenshane Rd, L'Derry	2	6	17	8	1	0	0	0	0	9	10	13	66	71
Middlepath St, Belfast	10	15	5	0	0	0	0	2	6	16	10	5	69	85
Millfield at Peter's Hill,														
Belfast	22	14	18	19	16	15	11	8	7	8	0	2	140	152
Nelson St, Belfast	20	18	21	26	29	22	24	11	28	6	0	0	205	230
York St, Belfast	5	2	2	4	25	11	9	7	8	14	6	0	93	108
Total	60	56	66	57	74	48	46	30	51	55	27	20	590	668

Number of persons who completed a speed awareness course following a detection for speeding by NIRSP in 2015¹⁰

							2015							2014
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	Total
Speed Awareness Course														
Completed	1,757	1,870	1,913	2,469	2,659	1,954	2,121	2,074	1,705	2,321	1,732	1,395	23,970	23,534

21

 $^{^{10}}$ Figures refer to the month of detection and not the date the driver completed the course

Notes

The Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership (NIRSP) was established in July 2003 as the Northern Ireland Safety Camera Scheme. The aim of the scheme is to reduce the number of casualties on Northern Ireland's roads through targeted enforcement at sites with a history of collisions using safety cameras.

The partnership includes both mobile and fixed speed cameras which record vehicles passing in excess of a pre-defined speed, speed enforcement camera system (SPECS) which measures average speed travelled between two cameras and red light running (RLR) cameras which record vehicles that pass through red traffic lights - hence the collective term safety' cameras.

The Scheme covers only those detections made by safety cameras and not detections made by PSNI officers using other speed measuring devices, e.g. Detections made using Laser, Radar or Vascar.

The enforcement of these sites is conducted by operators employed on behalf of the Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership. The operators are trained in using the mobile cameras and operate in vans that are marked with the Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership logo. Detections from fixed cameras and from red light running cameras under the scheme are also operated by the Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership (and not the PSNI). The detection figures contained in this report relate solely to those enforced by the Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership and exclude any other detections recorded by the PSNI for motoring offences outside the scheme.

Currently, there are 90 permanently signed locations at which the mobile speed camera vans can deploy, 4 fixed speed cameras, 1 average speed SPECs system and 6 red light running cameras.

The Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership involves the co-operation of a number of government departments and agencies.

On the basis of common interest in the Partnership, delivery is overseen by the Partnership Board consisting of representatives from –

- Police Service of Northern Ireland
- Department for Infrastructure
- Department of Justice
- Northern Ireland Courts and Tribunal Service
- Northern Ireland Policing Board

Speed Enforcement Camera System (SPECS)

SPECS systems are highly visible and are mounted on over-hanging poles in pairs. The system measures the average speed which a vehicle travels between the two cameras.

Fixed Safety Cameras

Fixed safety cameras measure the speed of a vehicle at a given point. The cameras, which are marked yellow, are mounted at the roadside on grey coloured poles.

Fixed Red Light Running Cameras

Fixed red light running cameras, which are located at junctions governed by traffic lights which have a high incidence of collisions, are similar in appearance to fixed safety cameras.

Mobile Safety Camera Vehicles

There are currently eight mobile Safety Camera vehicles which utilise the latest digital photographic and laser technology to accurately measure and record vehicle speeds. The vehicles, which are clearly marked and highly visible, are used on designated routes throughout Northern Ireland.

Community Concern Sites

Community concern sites are enforced where there is a well-founded concern, raised via the Policing and Community Safety Partnerships (PCSPs) or the PSNI Area Commander, that a failure to reduce speeds will result in KSI (killed or seriously injured) collisions and that the location poses a significant risk to road safety. Once approved for enforcement, camera operators use temporary signs at these locations.

Reliability of evidence

All speed detection equipment operated by the Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership is type approved by the Department for Infrastructure for Northern Ireland (DfI) in accordance with the provisions of Article 23 of the Road Traffic Offenders (Northern Ireland) Order 1996 before it can be used for enforcement purposes.

In order to obtain type approval, the equipment is subjected to rigorous testing to the standards set by the Home Office Scientific Development Branch.

The type approval provides a public reassurance of the equipment's accuracy and reliability. In addition, there are a range of strict procedures for operating the equipment that further assures accuracy of operation and information providing an audit trail of evidence.

Human Rights Act

In keeping with the Human Rights Act 2000, the registered keeper of a vehicle can be required to give the details of who was driving at the time the vehicle was speeding. This is not a breach of the individual's right to a fair trial.

Speed Awareness Courses

Drivers, depending on the speed at which they were detected, may be offered an opportunity to attend a Speed Awareness Course as an alternative to penalty points. The course which is available at eight locations throughout Northern Ireland and delivered and managed by an

appointed contractor must be attended within a period of 120 days from the date of detection. This method of disposal was introduced in June 2010. Certain restrictions apply to who can qualify for the speed awareness course option.

Regression to the Mean Effect

Not all of the decrease in KSI collisions can be directly attributable to the presence of safety cameras. For one thing there was a general decrease in KSI collisions in Northern Ireland in the 3 year period of January 2013 – December 2015 compared with the 3 year period prior to the launch of the Partnership (51.5%). Another potential contributory factor is the regression to the mean (RTM) effect. This is a statistical term that refers to the fact that road traffic collisions are random events and their incidence at any location can vary over time. Due to the very nature of how safety camera sites are identified (i.e. based on their high KSI collision history over the previous 3 years) some of the sites selected could have an abnormally high level of KSI collisions by chance (randomly). Therefore when identified as a safety camera site and enforced, the same high level of KSI collisions in unlikely to repeated in subsequent years and it is argued that KSI collisions would decrease at these sites as they 'regress to the mean' regardless of safety camera enforcement.

- The NI Road Safety Partnership were unable to quantify the contribution of the RTM
 effect in this 3 year evaluation we do not have the resources nor all the required data
 to develop a statistical model to predict the effect.
- No individual force in England & Wales would be likely to estimate the RTM effect in their evaluation of their own schemes.
- In the absence of a measure for the RTM effect in Northern Ireland, the Partnership believe that the findings of the 4 Year Evaluation Report conducted in England & Wales and other similar research would be equally applicable to the scheme in Northern Ireland: i.e. 'Whilst regression-to-mean effects does appear to account for some of the reduction in collisions at cameras, the safety effects of cameras still remain substantial'

While these reductions in KSI collisions at safety camera sites/routes are welcome, we do recognise that not all of the reduction is due solely to the use of safety cameras. There has been a general decrease in KSI collisions in the period in question and it is possible that a regression to the mean effect may also have contributed to the reduction. However, recent research in the UK indicates when these factors are controlled for; safety cameras make a substantial contribution to the reduction in collisions (thought to be a reduction of around 20% fewer collisions depending on area and camera type).

Further information

Further information including camera locations and information about speed limits are available from the NI Direct website –

Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership website

Contact

If you have any queries regarding this report please contact -

NI RSP Statistician Northern Ireland Road Safety Partnership 42 Montgomery Road Belfast BT6 9LD

You can contact the NI Road Safety Partnership by e mail: info@nisafetypartnership.org