



Provisional statistics

Statistical bulletin

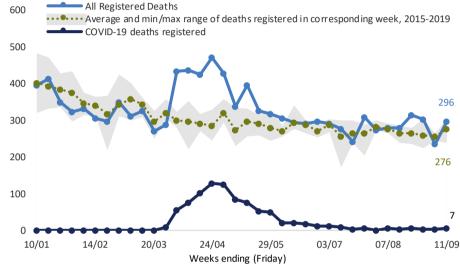
Weekly Deaths in Northern Ireland Death Registration Statistics including Covid-19 by Date of Death

Week ending 11th September 2020 (Week 36)

Section 1: Deaths by Date of Registration

In week 36, there were more deaths <u>registered</u> in Northern Ireland than there have typically been in the same week in recent years.

Figure 1: Weekly number of deaths registered in Northern Ireland



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Key Points — Date of Registration

- The provisional number of total deaths registered in Northern Ireland in the week ending 11th September 2020 (week 36) was 296; 62 more than in week 35 and 20 more than the 5-year average of 276 (Table 1). Week 35 included a Bank Holiday on 31st August.
- Almost a third (31.1%) of all deaths in week 36 were classified as 'respiratory' (92). Please note that all Covid-19 related deaths have been included in this classification.
- There have been 11,784 deaths registered in the year-to-date, 28.9% of which (3,410) were classified as 'respiratory'. The number and proportion of respiratory deaths is higher in the year-to-date than the 5-year average (3,133 28.7%) (Table 2).
- Seven deaths mentioning Covid-19 on the death certificate were <u>registered</u> in week 36, accounting for 2.4% of all deaths in that week and bringing the total number of Covid-19 related deaths <u>registered</u> in calendar year 2020 to 883.
- In the calendar year to 11th September, males and females accounted for similar proportions of all deaths registered (males: 48.9%, females: 51.1%) and Covid-19 related deaths registered (males: 50.5%; female: 49.5%) (Figure 2).
- In the calendar year to 11th September, the 75 years and over age-group accounted for two-thirds (64.9%) of all deaths and four-fifths (79.3%) of Covid-19 related deaths (Figure 4).
- For Covid-19 related deaths, those with an address in Belfast LGD accounted for 251 (28.4%) of the 883 deaths registered in the calendar year to 11th September (Figure 6).



Background

Deaths occurring in Northern Ireland are registered on the Northern Ireland General Register Office's Registration System (NIROS). Daily extracts of registration records from NIROS are processed by the NISRA Vital Statistics Unit. Provisional data on deaths registered in each week (ending on a Friday) are compiled at the end of the following week*.

Cause of death coding to the <u>ICD-10 classification</u> is carried out by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) on NISRA's behalf on a quarterly basis. This means that quarterly statistics are the first output to report deaths according to underlying cause. These statistics are currently available up to Quarter 2 2020.

To meet user needs, NISRA publish timely but provisional counts of death registrations in Northern Ireland in the weekly deaths provisional dataset. Weekly totals are presented alongside a 5-year weekly average as well as the lowest and highest number of deaths for the same week over the last five years. To allow time for registration and processing, these figures are published seven days after the week ends.

Due to the coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic, from 3rd April 2020 the NISRA weekly deaths release has been supplemented with the numbers of respiratory deaths (respiratory deaths include any death where Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis or Influenza are mentioned on the death certificate); and deaths relating to Covid-19 (that is, where Covid-19 or suspected Covid-19 was mentioned anywhere on the death certificate, including in combination with other health conditions).

Background Changes to the death certification and registration process during the Covid-19 pandemic

During the Covid-19 pandemic, a number of changes have been made to the usual process of certifying and registering a death which have been enabled by the Coronavirus Act 2020. More detail is available from the Department of Health website https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/publications/covid-19-guidance-surrounding-death. This includes guidance to medical practitioners on how to complete the Medical Certificate of Cause of Death (MCCD) in Covid-19 related cases. In relation to who can complete the MCCD, upon which these weekly statistics are based, usual practice is that the MCCD must be signed by a doctor (Dr A) who has seen the deceased within the last 28 days or refer the case to the coroner. However, in the pandemic situation, if Dr A has treated the deceased within the last 28 days but is unable to complete the MCCD or it is impracticable for them to do so, another practitioner (Dr B) from the same hospital or GP practice, can complete the MCCD, provided the deceased died as a result of a natural illness and Dr B can state, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the cause of death. In the event that neither Dr A nor Dr B is able to complete the MCCD, any medical practitioner (Dr C) can complete it, as long as the death was as a result of a natural illness and they can state the cause of the death, to the best of their knowledge and belief. Dr C does not have to have treated the deceased within the last 28 days. Coroners' cases will still be treated in the usual way - more detail on this is available on page 3 of the quality and methodology background information for NI death statistics at https://www.nisra.gov.uk/sites/nisra.gov.uk/files/publications/Northern%20Ireland%20Death%20Statistics%20Qualit y%20Assessment 0.pdf.

The process by which an informant registers a death has also been adapted. Usual practice is that the informant attends their local Registration Office to register a death, bringing the MCCD with them. During the pandemic, the MCCD can be sent to the General Register Office (GRO) electronically, directly from the hospital or General Practitioner certifying the death. Information required from the informant can be provided to GRO by telephone and no signature is required from the informant.

The content of this bulletin will be kept under review and more detail may be presented over the coming weeks.

^{*} Bank Holidays could affect the number of registrations made within those weeks.

Latest death registration statistics

Table 1 shows that the provisional number of deaths registered in Northern Ireland in the week ending 11th September 2020 (week 36) was 296; 62 more (26.5%) than in week 35 and 20 more (7.2%) than the 5-year average of 276.

Table 1: All Deaths registered weekly in Northern Ireland, 2020^P

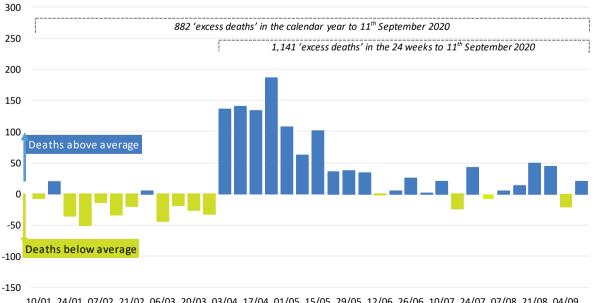
		2020 ^p		Previous 5 Yea	rs: 2015 - 2	2019 ^p		'Excess Deaths'
		Total number of	Ī	Average number of	Rai	nge		No. of deaths
Registration	Week ending	deaths registered		deaths registered in				above 5-year
week	(Friday)	in week		corresponding week ²	Minimum	Maximum		average ²
21	29/05/2020	316	Ī	279	245	328		37
22	05/06/2020	304	I	271	256	284		33
23	12/06/2020	292	I	293	275	340		-1
24	19/06/2020	290	Ī	286	265	300		4
25	26/06/2020	295		270	252	292		25
26	03/07/2020	289		288	266	303		1
27	10/07/2020	275		255	172	300		20
28	17/07/2020	240	Ī	264	237	298		-24
29	24/07/2020	307	Ī	265	203	288		42
30	31/07/2020	273		282	273	298		-9
31	07/08/2020	280	Ī	276	264	291		4
32	14/08/2020	278		265	238	284		13
33	21/08/2020	313	T	263	235	280		50
34	28/08/2020	303	Ī	259	223	301	_	44
35	04/09/2020	234	Ī	255	243	265		-21
36	11/09/2020	296		276	237	305		20
Year-to-date	(week 1-36) Total	11,784		10,902				882

Note: statistics for the full year are available in the accompanying spread sheet.

P Weekly published data are provisional.

Over the last twenty-four weeks, 1,141 'excess deaths' (i.e. deaths above the average for the corresponding weeks in previous years) have been registered in Northern Ireland, with the number of excess deaths in the year to date totalling 882. In terms of the year-to-date figures (weeks 1 to 36), the total number of deaths registered (11,784) is 8.1% higher than the 5-year average (10,902).

Figure 2: Weekly number of deaths registered above or below 5-year average (2015-2019), to 11th September 2020



¹ These data are based on registration dates of deaths, not occurrences. The majority of deaths are registered within five days in Northern Ireland.

² The 5-year average is not a whole number so comparisons with 2020 week-on-week can vary by up to one death due to rounding.

Table 2 shows that the number of death registrations mentioning Covid-19 on the death certificate increased from one in week 11 to 128 in week 16, then fell for six consecutive weeks to 20 (week 22). In the latest week (week 36) seven Covid-19 related deaths were registered, up four from the previous week (883 in total).

In week 36, 31.1% of all deaths registered mentioned terms relating directly to respiratory causes on the death certificate. (Covid-19 deaths are included in the respiratory category). The number and proportion of respiratory deaths is above the 5-year average for the same week.

There have been 3,410 respiratory deaths registered in the year-to-date. This total number and proportion (28.9%) of respiratory deaths is higher in the year-to-date than the 5-year average (3,133; 28.7%).

Table 2: Covid-19 and respiratory deaths registered weekly in Northern Ireland, 2020^P

			2020 ^p			2	vious 5 Years: 015 - 2019 ^p				
Registration	Week ending	Total number of deaths registered	deaths registered registered in week (2020 ^P)				Average number of respiratory deaths registered in corresponding week				
week	(Friday)	in week	in week	N	%	N	%				
11	20/03/2020	271	1	84	31.0%	95	32.0%				
12	27/03/2020	287	9	77	26.8%	98	30.7%				
13	03/04/2020	434	55	129	29.7%	91	30.4%				
14	10/04/2020	435	76	162	37.2%	87	7 29.5%				
15	17/04/2020	424	101	179	42.2%	81	28.0%				
16	24/04/2020	470	128	206	43.8%	78	3 27.5%				
17	01/05/2020	427	124	180	42.2%	88	3 27.5%				
18	08/05/2020	336	84	130	38.7%	80	29.2%				
19	15/05/2020	396	74	136	34.3%	74	25.2%				
20	22/05/2020	325	53	90	27.7%	80	27.6%				
21	29/05/2020	316	49	105	33.2%	79	28.3%				
22	05/06/2020	304	20	64	21.1%	71	26.2%				
23	12/06/2020	292	21	69	23.6%	78	3 26.6%				
24	19/06/2020	290	17	68	23.4%	71	24.8%				
25	26/06/2020	295	12	79	26.8%	75	27.9%				
26	03/07/2020	289	11	63	21.8%	71	24.6%				
27	10/07/2020	275	9	61	22.2%	62	2 24.5%				
28	17/07/2020	240	2	51	21.3%	70	26.7%				
29	24/07/2020	307	7	60	19.5%	61	23.0%				
30	31/07/2020	273	1	44	16.1%	71	25.2%				
31	07/08/2020	280	5	76	27.1%	71	25.8%				
32	14/08/2020	278	4	62	22.3%	71	26.7%				
33	21/08/2020	313	6	74	23.6%	67	7 25.4%				
34	28/08/2020	303	4	62	20.5%	66	5 25.4%				
35	04/09/2020	234	3	49	20.9%	68	3 26.6%				
36	11/09/2020	296	7	92	31.1%	68	3 24.6%				
Year-to-date	(week 1-36) Total	11,784	883	3,410	28.9%	3,1	33 28.7%				

Note: Statistics for the full year are available in the accompanying spread sheet

^P Weekly published data are provisional.

¹ These data are based on registrations of deaths, not occurrences. The majority of deaths are registered within five days in Northern Ireland.

² Covid-19 deaths include any death where Coronavirus or Covid-19 (suspected or confirmed) was mentioned anywhere on the death certificate.

³ Respiratory deaths include any death where terms directly relating to respiratory causes were mentioned anywhere on the death certificate (this includes Covid-19 deaths). This is not directly comparable to the ONS figures relating to 'deaths where the underlying cause was respiratory disease'.

⁴ Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Deaths registered by sex

In the calendar year to 11th September 2020, males and females accounted for a similar proportion of all deaths registered (males: 48.9%, females: 51.1%) and Covid-19 related deaths registered (males: 50.5%; female 49.5%). A weekly breakdown by sex is provided in the accompanying spreadsheet.

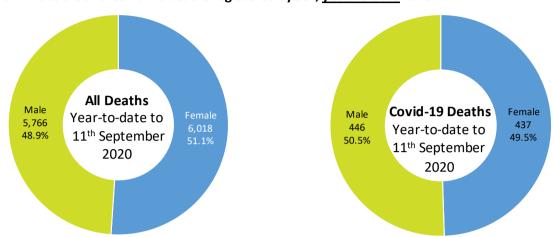


Figure 3: All deaths and Covid-19 deaths registered by sex, year-to-date 2020

Deaths registered by age-group

In the calendar year to 11th September, the 75 years and over age-group accounted for two-thirds (64.9%) of all deaths and four-fifths (79.3%) of Covid-19 related deaths.

The three Covid-19 related deaths registered among those aged 75+ in week 36 (see <u>accompanying spreadsheet</u>) equated to 1.5% of all deaths registered for this age-group during the week (notably down from a peak of 34.8% in week 17). The other four Covid-19 related deaths registered this week were of persons aged 65-74 (8.3% of all deaths registered in this age-group during the week).

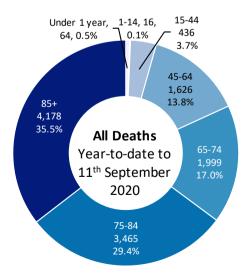
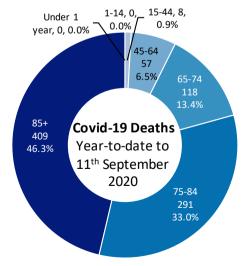


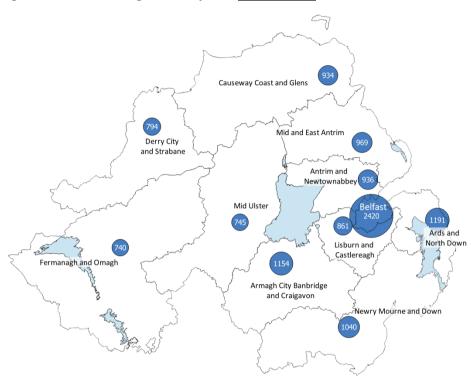
Figure 4: All deaths and Covid-19 deaths registered by age-group, year-to-date 2020



Deaths registered by Local Government District*

Those with an address* in Belfast Local Government District (LGD) accounted for around one in five of all 11,784 deaths registered in the calendar year to 11th September 2020 (2,420; 20.5%).

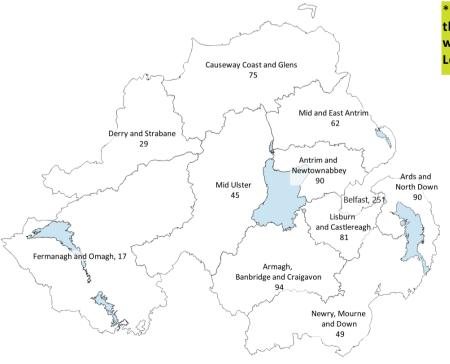
Figure 5: All deaths registered by LGD, year-to-date 2020



* The LGD data provided are based on the usual address of the deceased, recorded on the death certificate. Where the deceased was usually resident in NI and a home address was provided, the deceased's usual postcode has been mapped to an LGD area. If the usual address was not provided or the deceased was usually resident outside of Northern Ireland, the place of death address is used (this is approximately 0.4% of deaths per year). Age standardised mortality rates for the period March - June 2020 are available at https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/monthlydeaths.

For Covid-19 related deaths, those with an address* in Belfast LGD accounted for 251 (28.4%) of the 883 deaths registered in the calendar year to 11th September. Fermanagh & Omagh LGD had the fewest Covid-19 related deaths registered up to 11th September (17).

Figure 6: Covid-19 deaths registered by LGD, year-to-date 2020

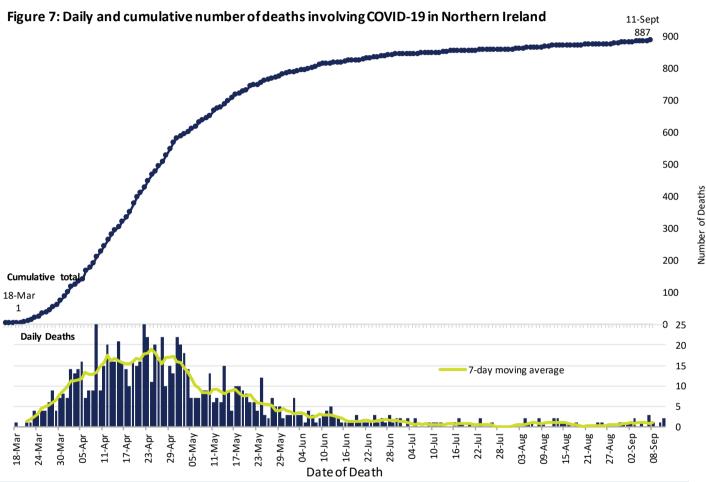


* Table 7 in the accompanying spreadsheet shows the numbers of weekly registered Covid-19 deaths which took place in care homes, disaggregated by Local Government District.

Section 2: Covid-19 Deaths by Date of Death

This section of the bulletin provides provisional, updated totals of Covid-19 **deaths occurring (based on the date of death)** up to 11th September, taking account of the latest available death registrations up to and including 16th September 2020.

Overall, 887 Covid-19 related deaths had occurred in Northern Ireland by 11th September, eight of which occurred in the week ending 11th September. Thursday 9th April and Wednesday 22nd April saw the greatest number of Covid-19 deaths (25) occurring in a single day. A simple 7 day moving average shows the trend in Covid-19 deaths by smoothing daily fluctuations.



Key Points - Covid-19 deaths based on date of death¹

- 887 deaths mentioning Covid-19 on the death certificate have occurred in total, to 11th September (including those registered up to and including 16th September).
- The comparative number of deaths reported by the Department of Health (DoH) to 11th September² was 570 (see page 9 for definitions).
- Of the 887 total deaths involving Covid-19 occurring up to 11th September, 473 (53.3%) occurred in hospital³, 352 (39.7%) occurred in care homes, eight (0.9%) occurred in hospices and 54 (6.1%) occurred at residential addresses or another location (Figure 8).
- The 360 deaths in care homes and hospices involved 81 separate establishments.
- In the week ending 11th September, one of the eight Covid-19 related deaths was in a care home.

¹The majority of deaths are registered within five days in NI; data based on date of death are subject to ongoing change.

²Responsibility for reporting daily death figures moved from the Public Health Agency to the Department of Health on 19th April. Figures based on deaths that occurred up to 11th September but including revisions to 16th September, to account for delayed notifications.

³To aid comparison, the most recent Registrar General Annual Report notes that in 2018, 48% of all deaths occurred in hospital and 19% in care/nursing homes: https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/registrar-general-annual-report-2018-deaths

Covid-19 deaths occurring by place of death

05-May

21-May

13-May

500

400

300 200

100

0

Of the 887 total deaths involving Covid-19 occurring up to 11th September, 473 (53.3%) occurred in hospital, 352 (39.7%) occurred in care homes, eight (0.9%) occurred in hospices and 54 (6.1%) occurred at residential addresses or another location.

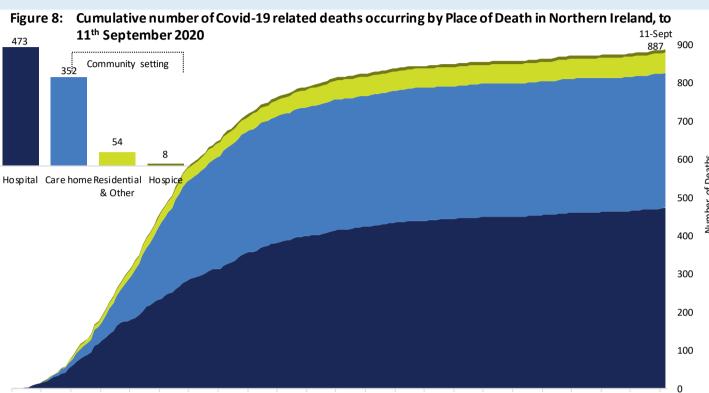


Table 3: Number of Covid-19 related deaths occurring each week, by Place of Death to 11th September 2020

14-Jun

Date of Death

22-Jun

02-Sep

10-Sep

Hospital			Care	home ¹	Hospice		Residential & 'Other'		Total	
Weekending	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
29/05/2020	25	65.8%	11	28.9%	0	0.0%	2	5.3%	38	100%
05/06/2020	15	68.2%	5	22.7%	0	0.0%	2	9.1%	22	100%
12/06/2020	12	54.5%	5	22.7%	0	0.0%	5	22.7%	22	100%
19/06/2020	11	91.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	8.3%	12	100%
26/06/2020	8	80.0%	2	20.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	10	100%
03/07/2020	9	81.8%	2	18.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	11	100%
10/07/2020	3	75.0%	1	25.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	100%
17/07/2020	5	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	5	100%
24/07/2020	2	50.0%	2	50.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	100%
31/07/2020	1	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	100%
07/08/2020	3	75.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	25.0%	4	100%
14/08/2020	5	62.5%	2	25.0%	0	0.0%	1	12.5%	8	100%
21/08/2020	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	100%
28/08/2020	2	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	100%
04/09/2020	5	83.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	16.7%	6	100%
11/09/2020	6	75.0%	1	12.5%	0	0.0%	1	12.5%	8	100%
Year-to-date week 1-36) Total	473	53.3%	352	39.7%	8	0.9%	54	6.1%	887	100%

¹Includes deaths in care homes only. Care home residents who have died in a different location will be counted elsewhere in this table. Note: Statistics for the full year are available in the <u>accompanying spread sheet</u>

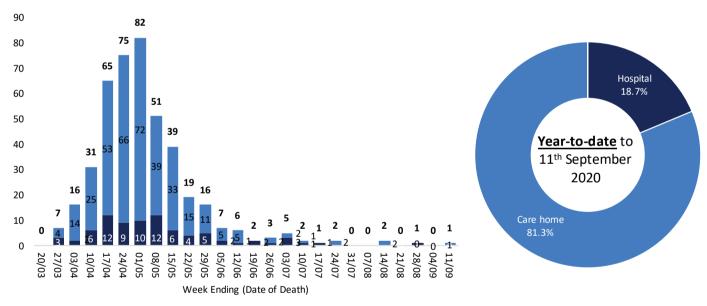
Covid-19 deaths of care home residents by place of death

This section refers to deaths of care home residents, where either (a) the death occurred in a care home, or (b) the death occurred elsewhere but the place of usual residence of the deceased was recorded as a care home. It should be noted that the statistics will not capture those cases where a care home resident died in hospital or another location and the usual address recorded on their death certificate is not a care home. In relation to part (b) of this definition, no assumptions can be made about where or when the deceased contracted Covid-19 (and all figures include probable or suspect cases).

Based on the definition above, there have been 433 deaths of care home residents involving Covid-19 in the year to date to 11th September 2020, which is 48.8% of all COVID-19 related deaths. Of the 433 deaths, 81.3% (352) occurred in a care home, with the remaining 81 occurring in hospital (Figure 9).

Of the total deaths involving Covid-19 which occurred in hospital (473) (Table 3), 17.1% (81) were accounted for by care home residents. (Further information in Table 9 of accompanying spreadsheet)

Figure 9: <u>Care home residents</u>: Covid-19 deaths occurring by place of death, weekly and year-to-date 2020

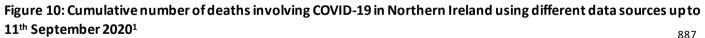


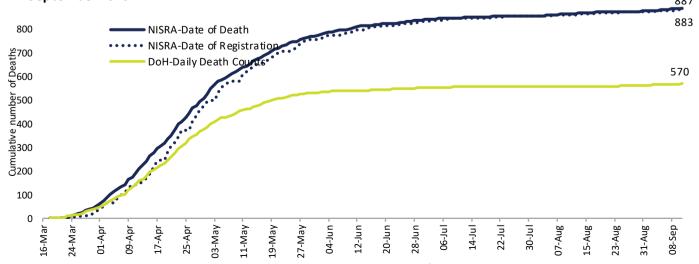
Differences between NISRA's death registration statistics and the Department of Health's daily statistics

- The daily Northern Ireland Government updates provided by the Department of Health (DoH) (https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/news) count the number of deaths reported by health trusts, where the deceased had a positive test for Covid-19 and died within 28 days, whether or not Covid-19 was the cause of death. DoH figures will not capture all deaths that do not meet this definition. These data are important because they are available earlier, and therefore give a quicker indication of what is happening day by day and are broadly comparable with the figures released daily in other parts of the United Kingdom (UK). The DoH reported 570 deaths associated with Covid-19 by 11th September 2020. This figure includes revisions up to 16th September to account for delayed notifications. Responsibility for reporting the daily updates moved from the Public Health Agency (PHA) to the DoH on 19th April.
- NISRA weekly provisional death statistics, which are based on death registration information collected by the General Register Office, count all deaths where Covid-19 was mentioned on the death certificate by the doctor who certified the death, whether or not Covid-19 was the primary underlying cause of death. The figures include cases where the doctor noted that there was suspected or probable coronavirus infection involved in the death. As a result the weekly totals will usually be higher than the relevant daily figures because the DOH daily updates only include those who have tested positive for the virus. The NISRA figures include all deaths that occur outside hospital and are comparable with weekly statistics produced by the Office for National Statistics and National Records Scotland. NISRA figures published today show the total number of Covid-19 related deaths registered by 11th September was 883. Deaths statistics based on date of registration will be subject to only minimal change.
- By analysing the registration based data using the date the death occurred (rather than date of registration with the General Register Office), the statistics show that 887 deaths associated with Covid-19 had occurred by 11th September. This figure is based on deaths registered up to 16th September 2020 and is the most appropriate figure to use to understand additional deaths beyond those reported via the DoH daily bulletin. However it is also subject to ongoing change as not all deaths which occurred by 4th September 2020 will have been registered at the time of publishing these statistics.

Figure 10 below graphically demonstrates the cumulative number of deaths involving Covid-19 in Northern

The latest NISRA figures show that, by 11th September 2020, 887 deaths had occurred involving Covid-19, based on registrations up to 16th September 2020. DoH figures available for the same period show a total of 570 deaths.





¹ Responsibility for reporting daily figures moved from the PHA to the Department of Health on 19th April. These figures are based on deaths that occurred up to 11th September and include revisions up to 16th September, to account for delayed notifications.

Links to relevant publications

Deaths registered weekly in England & Wales

https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/birthsdeathsandmarriages/deaths

Weekly Data on Deaths Registered in Scotland

https://www.nrscotland.gov.uk/statistics-and-data/statistics/statistics-by-theme/vital-events/general-publications/weekly-and-monthly-data-on-births-and-deaths-registered-in-scotland

Vital statistics (Central Statistics Office, Ireland)

https://www.cso.ie/en/statistics/birthsdeathsandmarriages/

Northern Ireland Department of Health daily Covid-19 figures https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/news and daily dashboard

Number of coronavirus (Covid-19) cases and risk in the UK

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-information-for-the-public

Covid-19 Health Surveillance Monitor (Ireland)

https://www.gov.ie/en/service/0039bc-view-the-covid-19-coronavirus-dashboard-showing-the-latest-stats-and/

List of Tables

Data accompanying this bulletin are available from the <u>NISRA website</u> in Excel format. The spread sheet includes the following tables.

Table 1: Deaths registered each week in Northern Ireland, 2020

Table 2: Deaths registered each week in Northern Ireland, age by sex, 2020

Table 3: Deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by Local Government District (LGD), 2020 Table 4: Covid-19 deaths registered each week in Northern Ireland, age by sex, 2020

Table 5: Covid-19 deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by Local Government District (LGD), 2020

Table 6: Covid-19 deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by place of death, 2020

Table 7: Covid-19 care home deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by Local Government District (LGD), 2020

Table 8: Covid-19 deaths registered by date and place of death in Northern Ireland, 2020

Table 9: Covid-19 death occurrences by week of death in Northern Ireland, 2020

Table 10: Covid-19 death occurrences in Northern Ireland, by week of death and place of death, 2020

Table 11: Covid-19 deaths of care home residents in Northern Ireland, by place of death Table 12: Covid-19 death occurrences by date and place of death in Northern Ireland, 2020

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