



Provisional statistics

Statistical bulletin

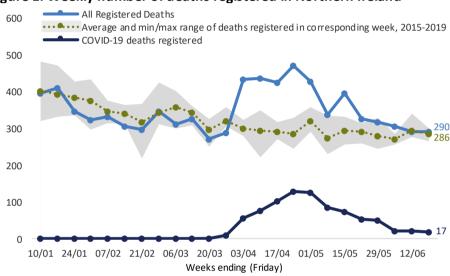
# Weekly Deaths in Northern Ireland Death Registration Statistics including COVID-19 by Date of Death

Week ending 19<sup>th</sup> June 2020 (Week 24)

## Section 1: Deaths by Date of Registration

In week 24, for the second week in a row, the total number of deaths registered in Northern Ireland was similar to the level typical of recent years.

Figure 1: Weekly number of deaths registered in Northern Ireland



CONTENTS	
Section 1: Deaths by Date of Registration	Page
Key points	1
Background	2
All deaths registered	3
Respiratory & COVID-19 deaths	4
All & COVID-19 deaths by sex	5
All & COVID-19 deaths by age-group	5
All & COVID-19 deaths by Local Gov. District	6
Section 2: COVID-19 Deaths by Date of Death	
Key points	7
Daily & Cumulative totals	7
COVID-19 deaths by place of death	8
Care home residents by place of COVID-19 death	9
<u>Differences between NISRA &amp; Dept. of Health statistic</u>	<u>cs</u> 10
Links to relevant publications	11
<u>List of tables</u>	11
Contact details	11

#### **Key Points — Date of Registration**

- The provisional number of total deaths registered in Northern Ireland in the week ending 19<sup>th</sup> June 2020 (week 24) was 290; two less than in week 23 and four more than the 5-year average of 286 (Table 1).
- Almost one quarter (23.4%) of all deaths in week 24 were classified as 'respiratory' (68). Please note that all COVID-19 related deaths have been included in this classification.
- There have been 8,401 deaths registered in the year-to-date, 31.4% of which (2,637) were classified as 'respiratory'. The number and proportion of respiratory deaths is higher in the year-to-date than the 5-year average (2,313; 30.1%) (Table 2).
- Seventeen deaths mentioning COVID-19 on the death certificate were <u>registered</u> in week 24, accounting for 5.9% of all deaths in that week and bringing the total number of COVID-19 related deaths <u>registered</u> in calendar year 2020 to 812.
- In the calendar year to 19<sup>th</sup> June, males and females accounted for similar proportions of all deaths registered (males: 49.0%, females: 51.0%) and COVID-19 related deaths registered (males: 49.8%; female: 50.2%) (Figure 2).
- In the calendar year to 19<sup>th</sup> June, the 75 years and over age-group accounted for two-thirds (66.3%) of all deaths and four-fifths (79.9%) of COVID-19 related deaths (Figure 4).
- For COVID-19 related deaths, those with an address in Belfast LGD accounted for 238 (29.3%) of the 812 deaths registered in the calendar year to 19<sup>th</sup> June (Figure 6).



#### **Background**

Deaths occurring in Northern Ireland are registered on the Northern Ireland General Register Office's Registration System (NIROS). Daily extracts of registration records from NIROS are processed by the NISRA Vital Statistics Unit. Provisional data on deaths registered in each week (ending on a Friday) are compiled at the end of the following week\*.

Cause of death coding to the <u>ICD-10 classification</u> is carried out by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) on NISRA's behalf on a quarterly basis. This means that quarterly statistics are the first output to report deaths according to underlying cause. These statistics are currently available up to <u>Quarter 3 2019</u> with Quarter 4 2019 scheduled for publication on 30<sup>th</sup> June.

To meet user needs, NISRA publish timely but provisional counts of death registrations in Northern Ireland in the weekly deaths provisional dataset. Weekly totals are presented alongside a 5-year weekly average as well as the lowest and highest number of deaths for the same week over the last five years. To allow time for registration and processing, these figures are published seven days after the week ends.

Because of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, from 3<sup>rd</sup> April 2020 the NISRA weekly deaths release has been supplemented with the numbers of respiratory deaths (respiratory deaths include any death where Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis or Influenza are mentioned on the death certificate); and deaths relating to COVID-19 (that is, where COVID-19 or suspected COVID-19 was mentioned anywhere on the death certificate, including in combination with other health conditions).

#### Background Changes to the death certification and registration process during the COVID-19 pandemic

During the COVID-19 pandemic, a number of changes have been made to the usual process of certifying and registering a death which have been enabled by the Coronavirus Act 2020. More detail is available from the Department of Health website https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/publications/covid-19-guidance-surrounding-death. This includes guidance to medical practitioners on how to complete the Medical Certificate of Cause of Death (MCCD) in COVID-19 related cases. In relation to who can complete the MCCD, upon which these weekly statistics are based, usual practice is that the MCCD must be signed by a doctor (Dr A) who has seen the deceased within the last 28 days or refer the case to the coroner. However, in the pandemic situation, if DrA has treated the deceased within the last 28 days but is unable to complete the MCCD or it is impracticable for them to do so, another practitioner (Dr B) from the same hospital or GP practice, can complete the MCCD, provided the deceased died as a result of a natural illness and Dr B can state, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the cause of death. In the event that neither Dr A nor Dr B is able to complete the MCCD, any medical practitioner (Dr C) can complete it, as long as the death was as a result of a natural illness and they can state the cause of the death, to the best of their knowledge and belief. Dr C does not have to have treated the deceased within the last 28 days. Coroners' cases will still be treated in the usual way - more detail on this is available on page 3 of the quality and methodology background information for NI death statistics at https://www.nisra.gov.uk/sites/nisra.gov.uk/files/publications/Northern%20Ireland%20Death%20Statistics%20Qualit y%20Assessment\_0.pdf.

The process by which an informant registers a death has also been adapted. Usual practice is that the informant attends their local Registration Office to register a death, bringing the MCCD with them. During the pandemic, the MCCD can be sent to the General Register Office (GRO) electronically, directly from the hospital or General Practitioner certifying the death. Information required from the informant can be provided to GRO by telephone and no signature is required from the informant.

The content of this bulletin will be kept under review and more detail may be presented over the coming weeks.

<sup>\*</sup> Bank Holidays could affect the number of registrations made within those weeks.

#### Latest death registration statistics

Table 1 shows that the provisional number of deaths registered in Northern Ireland in the week ending 19<sup>th</sup> June 2020 (week 24) was 290; two less (-0.7%) than in week 23, and four more (1.4%) than the 5-year average of 286.

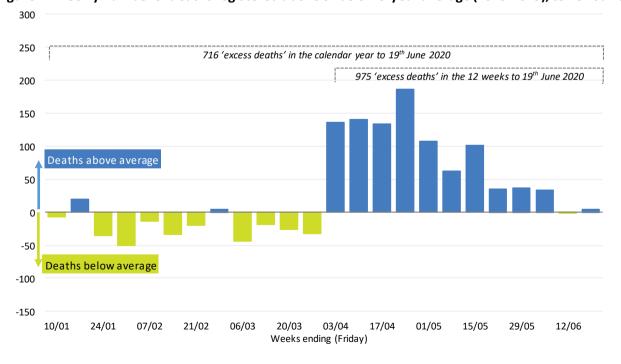
Table 1: All Deaths registered weekly in Northern Ireland, 2020<sup>P</sup>

		2020 <sup>p</sup>	Previous 5 Years: 2015 - 2019 <sup>p</sup>			'Excess Deaths'	
		Total number of	Average number of	Range		No. of deaths	
Registration	Week ending	deaths registered	deaths registered in			above 5-year	
week	(Friday)	in week	corresponding week <sup>2</sup>	Minimum	Maximum	average <sup>2</sup>	
13	03/04/2020	434	298	280	323	 136	
14	10/04/2020	435	295	221	350	 140	
15	17/04/2020	424	290	270	316	 134	
16	24/04/2020	470	284	245	327	186	0.75
17	01/05/2020	427	320	292	357	 107	975
18	08/05/2020	336	274	230	335	 62	ʻexcess deaths'
19	15/05/2020	396	295	256	330	101	over these
20	22/05/2020	325	290	259	315	35	12 weeks
21	29/05/2020	316	279	245	328	 37	12 weeks
22	05/06/2020	304	271	256	284	 33	
23	12/06/2020	292	293	275	340	 -1	
24	19/06/2020	290	286	265	300	4	
Year-to-date	(week 1-24) Total	8,401	7,685		<u> </u>	716	

Note: statistics for the full year are available in the accompanying spread sheet. P Weekly published data are provisional.

Over the last twelve weeks, 975 'excess deaths' (i.e. deaths above the average for the corresponding week in previous years) have been registered in Northern Ireland, with the number of excess deaths in the year to date totalling 716. In terms of the year-to-date figures (weeks 1 to 24), the total number of deaths registered (8,401) is higher (+9.3%) than the 5-year average (7,685).

Figure 2: Weekly number of deaths registered above or below 5-year average (2015-2019), to 19th June 2020



<sup>1</sup> These data are based on registration dates of deaths, not occurrences. The majority of deaths are registered within five days in Northern Ireland.

<sup>2</sup> The 5-year average is not a whole number so comparisons with 2020 week-on-week can vary by up to one death due to rounding.

Table 2 shows that the number of death registrations mentioning COVID-19 on the death certificate increased from one in week 11 to 128 in week 16, then fell for six consecutive weeks to 20 (week 22). In the latest week (week 24) 17 COVID-19 related deaths were registered (812 in total).

In week 24, 23.4% of all deaths registered mentioned terms relating directly to respiratory causes on the death certificate. (COVID-19 deaths are also included in the respiratory category). This is the third consecutive week since week 13 that the number and proportion of respiratory deaths has been below the 5-year average for the same week.

There have been 2,637 respiratory deaths registered in the year-to-date. This total number and proportion (31.4%) of respiratory deaths is higher in the year-to-date than the 5-year average (2,313, 30.1%).

Table 2: COVID-19 and respiratory deaths registered weekly in Northern Ireland, 2020

					5 Years: - 2019 <sup>p</sup>			
Registration	Week ending	Total number of deaths registered	COVID-19 <sup>2</sup> deaths registered	Respiratory <sup>3</sup> deaths registered in week (2020 <sup>p</sup> )			respirato registe	number of ry deaths ered in ding week <sup>4</sup>
week	(Friday)	in week	in week	N	%		N	%
11	20/03/2020	271	1	84	31.0%		95	32.0%
12	27/03/2020	287	9	77	26.8%		98	30.7%
13	03/04/2020	434	55	129	29.7%		91	30.4%
14	10/04/2020	435	76	162	37.2%		87	29.5%
15	17/04/2020	424	101	179	42.2%		81	28.0%
16	24/04/2020	470	128	206	43.8%		78	27.5%
17	01/05/2020	427	124	180	42.2%		88	27.5%
18	08/05/2020	336	84	130	38.7%		80	29.2%
19	15/05/2020	396	74	136	34.3%		74	25.2%
20	22/05/2020	325	53	90	27.7%		80	27.6%
21	29/05/2020	316	49	105	33.2%		79	28.3%
22	05/06/2020	304	20	64	21.1%		71	26.2%
23	12/06/2020	292	21	69	23.6%		78	26.6%
24	19/06/2020	290	17	68	23.4%		71	24.8%
Year-to-date	(week 1-24) Total	8,401	812	2,637	31.4%		2,313	30.1%

Note: Statistics for the full year are available in the <u>accompanying spread sheet</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>P</sup> Weekly published data are provisional.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>These data are based on registrations of deaths, not occurrences. The majority of deaths are registered within five days in Northern Treland.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> COVID-19 deaths include any death where Coronavirus or COVID-19 (suspected or confirmed) was mentioned anywhere on the death certificate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Respiratory deaths include any death where terms directly relating to respiratory causes were mentioned anywhere on the death certificate (this includes COVID-19 deaths). This is not directly comparable to the ONS figures relating to 'deaths where the underlying cause was respiratory disease'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Figures may not sum due to rounding.

#### Deaths registered by sex

In the calendar year to 19<sup>th</sup> June 2020, males and females accounted for a similar proportion of all deaths registered (males: 49.0%, females: 51.0%) and COVID-19 related deaths registered (males: 49.8%; female 50.2%). A weekly breakdown by sex is provided in the accompanying spreadsheet.

Male 4,114 49.0%

All Deaths Year-to-date to 19<sup>th</sup> June 2020

Female 4,287 51.0%

Female 404 49.8%

COVID-19 Deaths Year-to-date to 19<sup>th</sup> June 2020

Female 408 50.2%

Figure 3: All deaths and COVID-19 deaths registered by sex, year-to-date 2020

### Deaths registered by age-group

In the calendar year to 19<sup>th</sup> June, the 75 years and over age-group accounted for two-thirds (66.3%) of all deaths and four-fifths (79.9%) of COVID-19 related deaths.

The 16 COVID-19 related deaths registered among those aged 75+ in week 24 (see <u>accompanying spreadsheet</u>) equated to 8.5% of all deaths registered for this age-group during the week (notably down from 34.8% in week 17), while the one COVID-19 related death registered among those aged 45-74 equated to 1.1% of all deaths for this age-group in week 24.

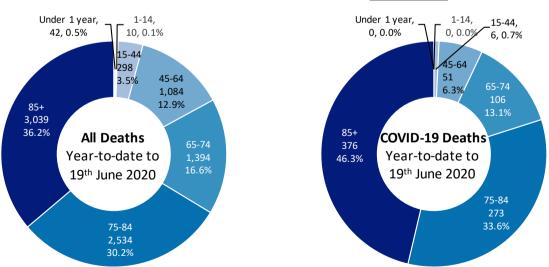
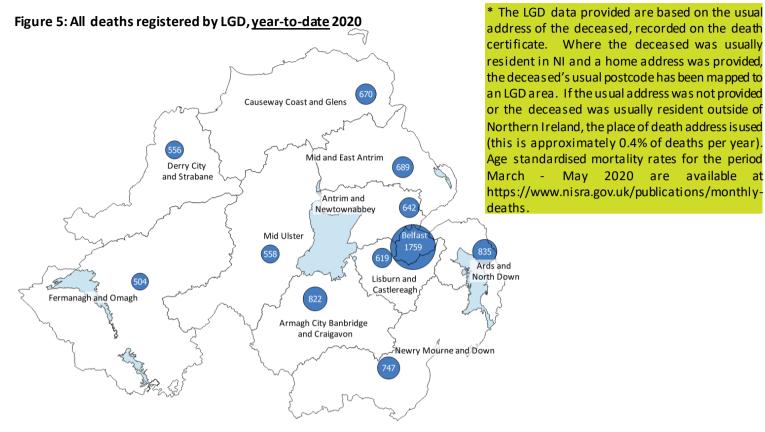


Figure 4: All deaths and COVID-19 deaths registered by age-group, year-to-date 2020

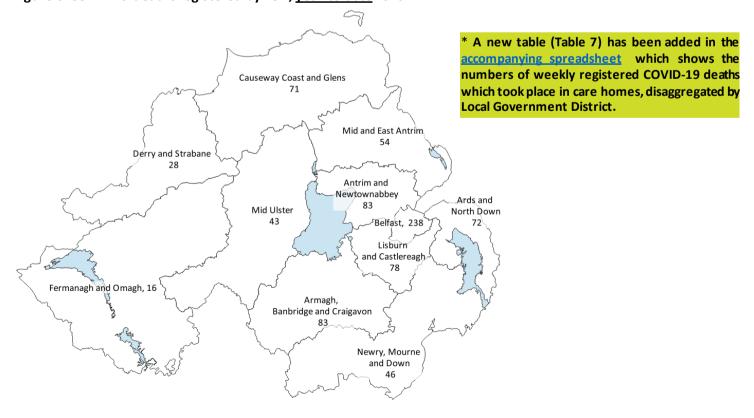
#### **Deaths registered by Local Government District\***

Those with an address\* in Belfast Local Government District (LGD) accounted for around one in five of all 8,401 deaths registered in the calendar year to 19<sup>th</sup> June 2020 (1,759; 20.9%).



For COVID-19 related deaths, those with an address\* in Belfast LGD accounted for 238 (29.3%) of the 812 deaths registered in the calendar year to 19<sup>th</sup> June. Fermanagh & Omagh LGD had the fewest COVID-19 related deaths registered up to 19<sup>th</sup> June (16).

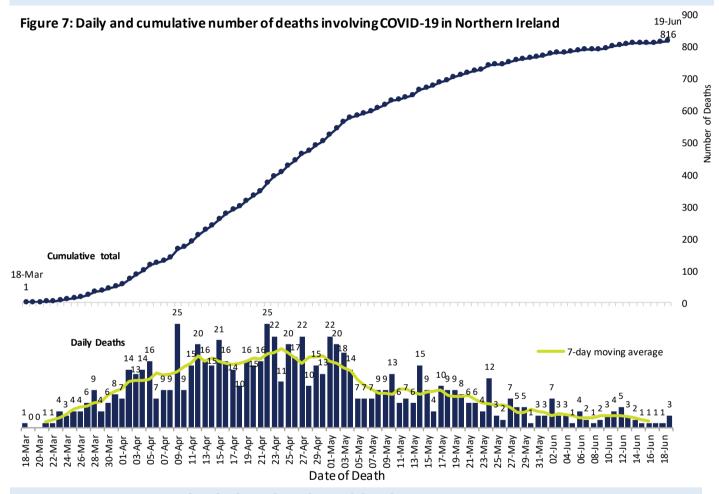
Figure 6: COVID-19 deaths registered by LGD, year-to-date 2020



#### Section 2: COVID-19 Deaths by Date of Death

Because of the rapidly changing situation, this section of the bulletin provides provisional, updated totals of COVID-19 **deaths occurring (based on the date of death)** up to 19<sup>th</sup> June, taking account of the latest available death registrations up to and including 24<sup>th</sup> June 2020.

Overall, 816 COVID-19 related deaths had occurred in Northern Ireland by 19<sup>th</sup> June, 12 of which occurred in the week ending 19<sup>th</sup> June. Thursday 9<sup>th</sup> April and Wednesday 22<sup>nd</sup> April saw the greatest number of COVID-19 deaths (25) occurring in a single day. A simple 7 day moving average shows the trend in COVID deaths by smoothing daily fluctuations.



#### Key Points -COVID-19 deaths based on date of death1

- 816 deaths mentioning COVID-19 on the death certificate have occurred in total, to 19<sup>th</sup> June (including those registered up to and including 24<sup>th</sup> June).
- The comparative number of deaths reported by the Department of Health (DoH) to 19<sup>th</sup> June<sup>2</sup> was 545 (see page 9 for definitions).
- Of the 816 total deaths involving COVID-19 occurring up to 19<sup>th</sup> June, 420 (51.5%) occurred in hospital<sup>3</sup>, 340 (41.7%) occurred in care homes, eight (1.0%) occurred in hospices and 48 (5.9%) occurred at residential addresses or another location (Figure 8).
- The 348 deaths in care homes and hospices involved 78 separate establishments.
- In the week ending 19<sup>th</sup> June, none of the 12 COVID-19 related deaths were in care homes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The majority of deaths are registered within five days in NI; data based on date of death are subject to ongoing change.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ Responsibility for reporting daily death figures moved from the Public Health Agency to the Department of Health on  $19^{th}$ April. Figures based on deaths that occurred up to  $19^{th}$ June but including revisions to  $24^{th}$ June, to account for delayed notifications.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>To aid comparison, the most recent Registrar General Annual Report notes that in 2018, 48% of all deaths occurred in hospital and 19% in care/nursing homes: <a href="https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/registrar-general-annual-report-2018-deaths">https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/registrar-general-annual-report-2018-deaths</a>

# COVID-19 deaths occurring by place of death

Of the 816 total deaths involving COVID-19 occurring up to 19<sup>th</sup> June, 420 (51.5%) occurred in hospital, 340 (41.7%) occurred in care homes, eight (1.0%) occurred in hospices and 48 (5.9%) occurred at residential addresses or another location.

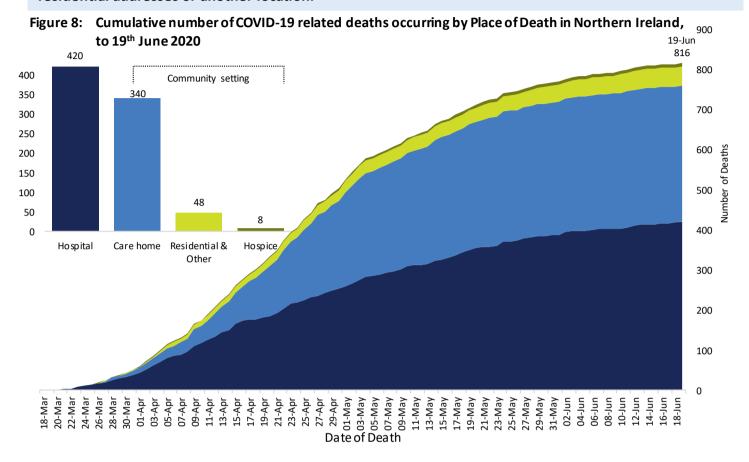


Table 3: Number of COVID-19 related deaths occurring each week, by Place of Death to 19th June 2020

	Hos	pital	Care l	home <sup>1</sup>	Hos	spice	Residential & 'Other'		То	tal
Week ending	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
20/03/2020	1	100.0%	-	-	-	-	_	-	1	100%
27/03/2020	17	73.9%	4	17.4%	1	4.3%	1	4.3%	23	100%
03/04/2020	43	70.5%	14	23.0%	1	1.6%	3	4.9%	61	100%
10/04/2020	57	64.0%	25	28.1%	-	-	7	7.9%	89	100%
17/04/2020	57	48.7%	53	45.3%	1	0.9%	6	5.1%	117	100%
24/04/2020	43	37.4%	66	57.4%	-	-	6	5.2%	115	100%
01/05/2020	41	34.5%	72	60.5%	1	0.8%	5	4.2%	119	100%
08/05/2020	37	45.1%	39	47.6%	1	1.2%	5	6.1%	82	100%
15/05/2020	30	46.2%	33	50.8%	1	1.5%	1	1.5%	65	100%
22/05/2020	32	61.5%	14	26.9%	2	3.8%	4	7.7%	52	100%
29/05/2020	25	65.8%	11	28.9%	-	-	2	5.3%	38	100%
05/06/2020	14	66.7%	5	23.8%	-		2	9.5%	21	100%
12/06/2020	12	57.1%	4	19.0%	-	-	5	23.8%	21	100%
19/06/2020	11	91.7%	-	-	-	-	1	8.3%	12	100%
Total	420	51.5%	340	41.7%	8	1.0%	48	5.9%	816	100%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes deaths in care homes only. Care home residents who have died in a different location will be counted elsewhere in this table .

#### COVID-19 deaths of care home residents by place of death

This section refers to deaths of care home residents, where either (a) the death occurred in a care home, or (b) the death occurred elsewhere but the place of usual residence of the deceased was recorded as a care home. It should be noted that the statistics will not capture those cases where a care home resident died in hospital or another location and the usual address recorded on their death certificate is not a care home. In relation to part (b) of this definition no assumptions can be made about where or when the deceased contracted COVID-19 (and all figures include probable or suspect cases).

Based on the definition above, there have been 414 deaths of care home residents involving COVID-19 in the year to date to 19<sup>th</sup> June 2020, which is 50.7% of all COVID-19 related deaths. Of the 414 deaths, 82.1% (340) occurred in a care home, with the remaining 74 occurring in hospital (Figure 9).

Of the total deaths involving COVID-19 which occurred in hospital (420) (Table 3), 17.6% (74) were accounted for by care home residents. (Further information in Table 9 of accompanying spreadsheet)

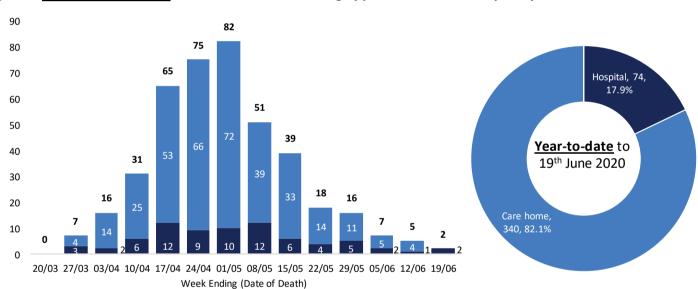


Figure 9: Care home residents: COVID-19 deaths occurring by place of death, weekly and year-to-date 2020

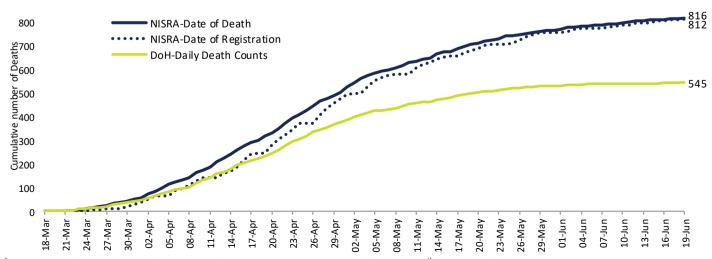
# Differences between NISRA's death registration statistics and the Department of Health's daily statistics

- The daily Northern Ireland Government updates provided by the Department of Health (DoH) (<a href="https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/news">https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/news</a>) count the number of deaths reported by health trusts, where the deceased had a positive test for COVID-19 and died within 28 days, whether or not COVID-19 was the cause of death. DoH figures will not capture all deaths that do not meet this definition. These data are important because they are available earlier, and therefore give a quicker indication of what is happening day by day and are broadly comparable with the figures released daily in other parts of the United Kingdom (UK). The DoH reported 545 deaths associated with COVID-19 by 19th June 2020. This figure includes revisions up to 24th June to account for delayed notifications. Responsibility for reporting the daily updates moved from the Public Health Agency (PHA) to the DoH on 19th April.
- NISRA weekly provisional death statistics, which are based on death registration information collected by the General Register Office, count all deaths where COVID-19 was mentioned on the death certificate by the doctor who certified the death, whether or not COVID-19 was the primary underlying cause of death. The figures include cases where the doctor noted that there was suspected or probable coronavirus infection involved in the death. As a result the weekly totals will usually be higher than the relevant daily figures because the DOH daily updates only include those who have tested positive for the virus. The NISRA figures include all deaths that occur outside hospital and are comparable with weekly statistics produced by the Office for National Statistics and National Records Scotland. NISRA figures published today show the total number of COVID-19 related deaths registered by 19th June 2020 was 812. Deaths statistics based on date of registration will be subject to only minimal change.
- However, by analysing the registration based data using the date the death occurred (rather than date of registration with the General Register Office), the statistics show that 816 deaths associated with COVID-19 had occurred by 19<sup>th</sup> June. This figure is based on deaths registered up to 24<sup>th</sup> June 2020 and is the most appropriate figure to use to understand additional deaths beyond those reported via the DoH's daily bulletin. However it is also subject to ongoing change as not all deaths which occurred by 19<sup>th</sup> June will have been registered at the time of publishing these statistics.

Figure 10 below graphically demonstrates the cumulative number of deaths involving COVID-19 in Northern Ireland using different data sources up to 19<sup>th</sup> June 2020.

The latest NISRA figures show that, by 19<sup>th</sup> June 2020, 816 deaths had occurred involving COVID-19, based on registrations up to 24<sup>th</sup> June 2020. DoH figures available for the same period show a total of 545 deaths.

Figure 10: Cumulative number of deaths involving COVID-19 in Northern Ireland using different data sources up to 19th June 20201



<sup>1</sup>Responsibility for reporting daily figures moved from the PHA to the Department of Health on 19<sup>th</sup> April. These figures are based on deaths that occurred up to 19<sup>th</sup> Jun and include revisions up to 24<sup>th</sup> June, to account for delayed notifications.

#### Links to relevant publications

Deaths registered weekly in England & Wales

https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/birthsdeathsandmarriages/deaths

Weekly Data on Deaths Registered in Scotland

https://www.nrscotland.gov.uk/statistics-and-data/statistics/statistics-by-theme/vital-events/general-publications/weekly-and-monthly-data-on-births-and-deaths-registered-in-scotland

Vital statistics (Central Statistics Office, Ireland)

https://www.cso.ie/en/statistics/birthsdeathsandmarriages/

Northern Ireland Department of Health daily COVID-19 figures

https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/news and daily dashboard

Number of coronavirus (COVID-19) cases and risk in the UK

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-information-for-the-public

COVID-19 Health Surveillance Monitor (Ireland)

https://www.gov.ie/en/service/0039bc-view-the-covid-19-coronavirus-dashboard-showing-the-latest-stats-and/

#### **List of Tables**

Data accompanying this bulletin are available from the <u>NISRA website</u> in Excel format. The spread sheet includes the following tables.

Table 1: Deaths registered each week in Northern Ireland, 2020

Table 2: Deaths registered each week in Northern Ireland, age by sex, 2020

Table 3: Deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by Local Government District (LGD), 2020 Table 4: COVID-19 deaths registered each week in Northern Ireland, age by sex, 2020

Table 5: COVID-19 deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by Local Government District (LGD), 2020

Table 6: COVID-19 deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by place of death, 2020

Table 7: COVID-19 care home deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by Local Government District (LGD), 2020

Table 8: COVID-19 death occurrences by week of death in Northern Ireland, 2020

Table 9: COVID-19 death occurrences in Northern Ireland, by week of death and place of death, 2020

Table 10: COVID-19 deaths of care home residents in Northern Ireland, by place of death Table 11: COVID-19 death occurrences by date and place of death in Northern Ireland, 2020

#### **Contact Details**

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Next publication: 3rd July 2020



This is a National Statistics publication.

National Statistics are produced to high professional standards set out in the <u>Code of Practice for Official Statistics</u>. They are produced free from any political interference.

The UK Statistics Authority has designated these statistics as National Statistics, in accordance with the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 and signifying compliance with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics.

Designation can be broadly interpreted to mean that the statistics:

- meet identified user needs
- are well explained and readily accessible
- are produced according to sound methods
- are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest

Once statistics have been designated as National Statistics it is a statutory requirement that the Code of Practice shall continue to be observed.