



Provisional statistics

Statistical bulletin

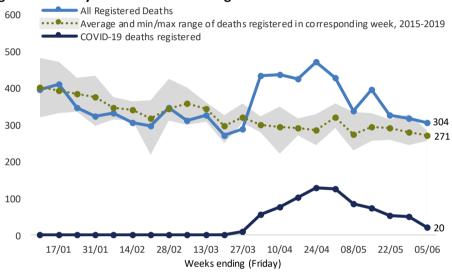
Weekly Deaths in Northern Ireland Death Registration Statistics including COVID-19 by Date of Death

Week ending 5th June 2020 (Week 22)

Section 1: Deaths by Date of Registration

For the tenth consecutive week, there were more deaths <u>registered</u> in Northern Ireland in week 22 than there have typically been in the same week in recent years.

Figure 1: Weekly number of deaths registered in Northern Ireland



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Key Points — Date of Registration

- The provisional number of deaths registered in Northern Ireland in the week ending 5th June 2020 (week 22) was 304; 12 less than in week 21 and 33 more than the 5-year average of 271 (Table 1).
- Around one fifth (21.1%) of all deaths in week 22 were classified as 'respiratory' (64). Please note that all COVID-19 related deaths have been included in this classification.
- There have been 7,819 deaths registered in the year-to-date, 32.0% of which (2,500) were classified as 'respiratory'. The number and proportion of respiratory deaths is higher in the year-to-date than the 5-year average (2,163; 30.4%) (Table 2).
- Twenty deaths mentioning COVID-19 on the death certificate were <u>registered</u> in week 22, accounting for 6.6% of all deaths in that week and bringing the total number of COVID-19 related deaths <u>registered</u> in calendar year 2020 to 774. This is the sixth consecutive weekly fall in the number of registered COVID-19 related deaths.
- In the calendar year to 5th June, males and females accounted for similar proportions of all deaths registered (males: 48.8%, females: 51.2%) and COVID-19 related deaths registered (males: 49.5%; female 50.5%) (Figure 2).
- In the calendar year to 5th June, the 75 years and over age-group accounted for two-thirds (66.6%) of all deaths and four-fifths (79.7%) of COVID-19 related deaths (Figure 3).
- For COVID-19 related deaths, those with an address in Belfast LGD accounted for 228 (29.5%) of the 774 deaths registered in the calendar year to 5th June (Figure 5).



Background

Deaths occurring in Northern Ireland are registered on the Northern Ireland General Register Office's Registration System (NIROS). Daily extracts of registration records from NIROS are processed by the NISRA Vital Statistics Unit. Provisional data on deaths registered in each week (ending on a Friday) are compiled at the end of the following week*.

Cause of death coding to the <u>ICD-10 classification</u> is carried out by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) on NISRA's behalf on a quarterly basis. This means that quarterly statistics are the first output to report deaths according to underlying cause. These statistics are currently available up to <u>Quarter 3 2019</u> with Quarter 4 2019 scheduled for publication on 30th June.

To meet user needs, NISRA publish timely but provisional counts of death registrations in Northern Ireland in the weekly deaths provisional dataset. Weekly totals are presented alongside a 5-year weekly average as well as the lowest and highest number of deaths for the same week over the last five years. To allow time for registration and processing, these figures are published seven days after the week ends.

Because of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, from 3rd April 2020 the NISRA weekly deaths release has been supplemented with the numbers of respiratory deaths (respiratory deaths include any death where Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis or Influenza are mentioned on the death certificate); and deaths relating to COVID-19 (that is, where COVID-19 or suspected COVID-19 was mentioned anywhere on the death certificate, including in combination with other health conditions).

Background Changes to the death certification and registration process during the COVID-19 pandemic

During the COVID-19 pandemic, a number of changes have been made to the usual process of certifying and registering a death which have been enabled by the Coronavirus Act 2020. More detail is available from the Department of Health website https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/publications/covid-19-guidance-surrounding-death. This includes guidance to medical practitioners on how to complete the Medical Certificate of Cause of Death (MCCD) in COVID-19 related cases. In relation to who can complete the MCCD, upon which these weekly statistics are based, usual practice is that the MCCD must be signed by a doctor (Dr A) who has seen the deceased within the last 28 days or refer the case to the coroner. However, in the pandemic situation, if Dr A has treated the deceased within the last 28 days but is unable to complete the MCCD or it is impracticable for them to do so, another practitioner (Dr B) from the same hospital or GP practice, can complete the MCCD, provided the deceased died as a result of a natural illness and Dr B can state, to the best of their knowledge and belief, the cause of death. In the event that neither Dr A nor Dr B is able to complete the MCCD, any medical practitioner (Dr C) can complete it, as long as the death was as a result of a natural illness and they can state the cause of the death, to the best of their knowledge and belief. Dr C does not have to have treated the deceased within the last 28 days. Coroners' cases will still be treated in the usual way - more detail on this is available on page 3 of the quality and methodology background information for NI death statistics at https://www.nisra.gov.uk/sites/nisra.gov.uk/files/publications/Northern%20Ireland%20Death%20Statistics%20Qualit y%20Assessment_0.pdf.

The process by which an informant registers a death has also been adapted. Usual practice is that the informant attends their local Registration Office to register a death, bringing the MCCD with them. During the pandemic, the MCCD can be sent to the General Register Office (GRO) electronically, directly from the hospital or General Practitioner certifying the death. Information required from the informant can be provided to GRO by telephone and no signature is required from the informant.

The content of this bulletin will be kept under review and more detail may be presented over the coming weeks.

^{*} Bank Holidays could affect the number of registrations made within those weeks.

Latest death registration statistics

Table 1 shows that the provisional number of deaths registered in Northern Ireland in the week ending 5th June 2020 (week 22) was 304; 12 less (-3.8%) than in week 21, and 33 more (+12.2%) than the 5-year average of 271. Over the last ten weeks, 973 'excess deaths' (i.e. deaths above the average for the corresponding week in previous years) have been registered in Northern Ireland, with the number of excess deaths in the year to date totalling 714. In terms of the year-to-date figures (weeks 1 to 22), the total number of deaths registered (7,819) is higher (+10.0) than the 5-year average (7,105).

Table 1: All Deaths registered weekly in Northern Ireland, 2020^P

		2020 ^p	Previous 5 Years: 2015 - 2019 ^p			'Excess Deaths'					
		Total number of	Average number of	Range		Range		r of Range		No. of deaths	
Registration	Week ending	deaths registered	deaths registered in			above 5-year					
week	(Friday)	in week	corresponding week ²	Minimum	Maximum	average ²					
13	03/04/2020	434	298	280	323	136					
14	10/04/2020	435	295	221	350	140					
15	17/04/2020	424	290	270	316	134	973				
16	24/04/2020	470	284	245	327	186	'excess				
17	01/05/2020	427	320	292	357	 107	deaths'				
18	08/05/2020	336	274	230	335	62	over these				
19	15/05/2020	396	295	256	330	101	10 weeks				
20	22/05/2020	325	290	259	315	35	10 WCCK3				
21	29/05/2020	316	279	245	328	37					
22	05/06/2020	304	271	256	284	33					
Year-to-date	(week 1-22) Total	7,819	7,105			714					

Note: statistics for the full year are available in the accompanying spread sheet. P Weekly published data are provisional.

Table 2 shows that the number of death registrations mentioning COVID-19 on the death certificate increased from 1 in week 11 to 128 in week 16, and has then fallen for six consecutive weeks to 20 in week 22 (774 in total).

In week 22, 21.1% of all deaths registered mentioned terms relating directly to respiratory causes on the death certificate. (COVID-19 deaths are also included in the respiratory category). This is the first week since week 13 that the number and proportion of respiratory deaths has been below the 5-year average for that week.

There have been 2,500 respiratory deaths registered in the year-to-date. The number and proportion (32.0%) of respiratory deaths is higher in the year-to-date than the 5-year average (2,163, 30.4%).

Table 2: COVID-19 and respiratory deaths registered weekly in Northern Ireland, 2020 P

		Table wheref	2020 ^p	-	ratory³		Previous 5 Years: 2015 - 2019 ^p Average number of respiratory deaths registered in			
Registration	Week ending	Total number of deaths registered	deaths registered	deaths registered in week (2020°)			•	ding week ⁴		
week	(Friday)	in week	in week	N	%		N .	%		
13	03/04/2020	434	55	129	29.7%		91	30.4%		
14	10/04/2020	435	76	162	37.2%		87	29.5%		
15	17/04/2020	424	101	179	42.2%		81	28.0%		
16	24/04/2020	470	128	206	43.8%		78	27.5%		
17	01/05/2020	427	124	180	42.2%		88	27.5%		
18	08/05/2020	336	84	130	38.7%		80	29.2%		
19	15/05/2020	396	74	136	34.3%		74	25.2%		
20	22/05/2020	325	53	90	27.7%		80	27.6%		
21	29/05/2020	316	49	105	33.2%		79	28.3%		
22	05/06/2020	304	20	64	21.1%		71	26.2%		
	(week 1-22) Total	7,819	774	2,500	32.0%		2,163	30.4%		

Note: Statistics for the full year are available in the <u>accompanying spread sheet</u>

¹ These data are based on registration dates of deaths, not occurrences. The majority of deaths are registered within five days in Northern Ireland.

² Figures may not sum due to rounding.

^P Weekly published data are provisional.

¹These data are based on registrations of deaths, not occurrences. The majority of deaths are registered within five days in Northern Ireland.

² COVID-19 deaths include any death where Coronavirus or COVID-19 (suspected or confirmed) was mentioned anywhere on the death certificate.

³ Respiratory deaths include any death where terms directly relating to respiratory causes were mentioned anywhere on the death certificate (this includes COVID-19 deaths). This is not directly comparable to the ONS figures relating to 'deaths where the underlying cause was respiratory disease'.

⁴ Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Deaths registered by sex

In the calendar year to 5th June 2020, males and females accounted for a similar proportion of all deaths registered (males: 48.8%, females: 51.2%) and COVID-19 related deaths registered (males: 49.5%; female 50.5%). A weekly breakdown by sex is provided in the accompanying spreadsheet.

Male 3,818 Year-to-date to 5th June 2020 Female 4,001 51.2%

Male 383 49.5%

COVID-19 Deaths Year-to-date to 5th June 2020 Female 391 50.5%

Figure 2: All deaths and COVID-19 deaths registered by sex, year-to-date 2020

Deaths registered by age-group

In the calendar year to 5th June, the 75 years and over age-group accounted for two-thirds (66.6%) of all deaths and four-fifths (79.7%) of COVID-19 related deaths.

The 14 COVID-19 related deaths registered among those aged 75+ in week 22 (see <u>accompanying spreadsheet</u>) equated to 7.4% of all deaths registered for this age-group during the week, while the five COVID-19 related deaths registered among those aged 45-74 equated to 4.9% of all deaths for this age-group in week 22.

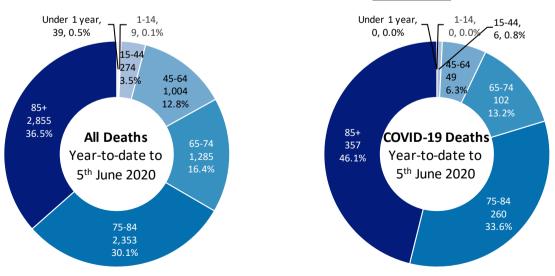
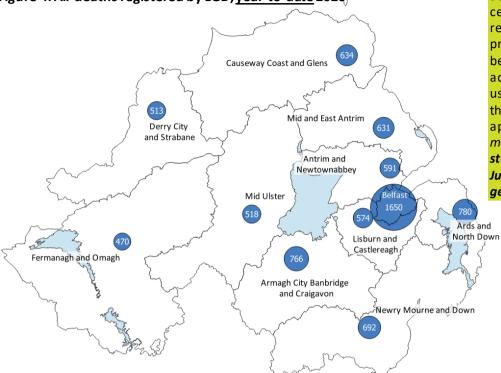


Figure 3: All deaths and COVID-19 deaths registered by age-group, year-to-date 2020

Deaths registered by Local Government District*

Those with an address* in Belfast Local Government District (LGD) accounted for around one in five of all 7,819 deaths registered in the calendar year to 5th June 2020 (1,650; 21.1%).

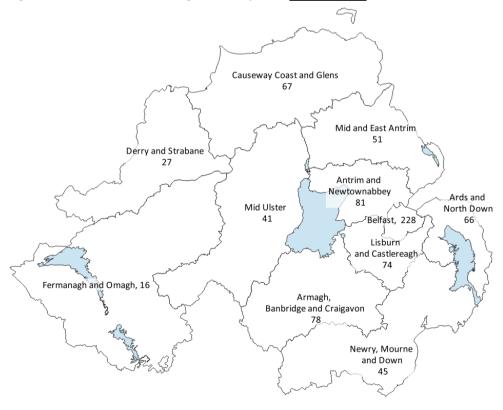
Figure 4: All deaths registered by LGD, year-to-date 2020



* The LGD data provided are based on the usual address of the deceased, recorded on the death certificate. Where the deceased was usually resident in NI and a home address was provided, the deceased's usual postcode has been mapped to an LGD area. If the usual address was not provided or the deceased was usually resident outside of Northern Ireland, the place of death address is used (this is approximately 0.4% of deaths per year). Crude mortality rates are not provided. Age standardised rates will be published on 17th June to enable comparisons across different geographical areas.

For COVID-19 related deaths, those with an address* in Belfast LGD accounted for 228 (29.5%) of the 774 deaths registered in the calendar year to 5th June. Fermanagh & Omagh LGD had the fewest number of COVID-19 related deaths registered up to 5th June (16).

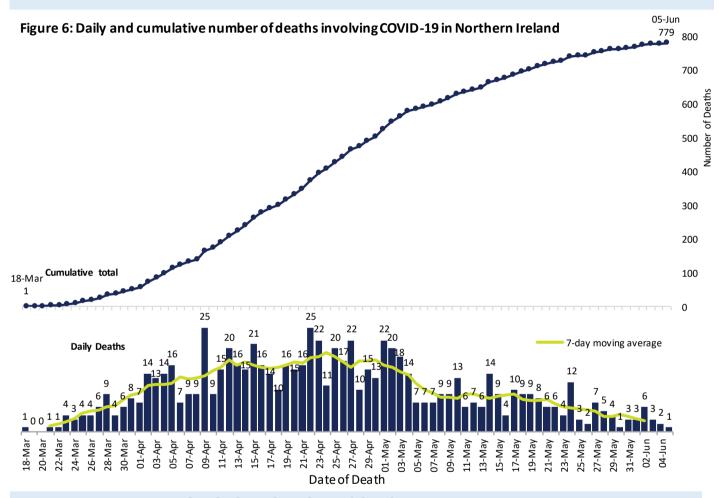
Figure 5: COVID-19 deaths registered by LGD, year-to-date 2020



Section 2: COVID-19 Deaths by Date of Death

Because of the rapidly changing situation, this section of the bulletin provides provisional, updated totals of COVID-19 **deaths occurring (based on the date of death)** up to 5th June, taking account of the latest available death registrations up to and including 10th June 2020.

Overall, 779 COVID-19 related deaths had occurred in Northern Ireland by 5th June, 19 of which occurred in the week ending 5th June. Thursday 9th April and Wednesday 22nd April saw the greatest number of COVID-19 deaths (25) occurring in a single day. A simple 7 day moving average shows the trend in COVID deaths by smoothing daily fluctuations.



Key Points -COVID-19 deaths based on date of death¹

- 779 deaths mentioning COVID-19 on the death certificate have occurred in total, to 5th June (including those registered up to and including 10th June).
- The comparative number of deaths reported by the Department of Health (DoH) to 5th June² was 537 (see page 9 for definitions).
- Of the 779 total deaths involving COVID-19 occurring up to 5th June, 395 (50.7%) occurred in hospital³, 334 (42.9%) occurred in care homes, eight (1.0%) occurred in hospices and 42 (5.4%) occurred at residential addresses or another location (Figure 7).
- The 342 deaths in care homes and hospices involved 78 separate establishments.
- In the week ending 5th June, four (21.1%) of the 19 COVID-19 related deaths were in care homes, down from 27.0% in the previous week.

¹The majority of deaths are registered within five days in NI; data based on date of death are subject to ongoing change.

 $^{^2} Responsibility for reporting daily death figures moved from the Public Health Agency to the Department of Health on 19^{th} April. Figures based on deaths that occurred up to 5^{th} June but including revisions to 10^{th} June, to account for delayed notifications.$

³To aid comparison, the most recent Registrar General Annual Report notes that in 2018, 48% of all deaths occurred in hospital and 19% in care/nursing homes: https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/registrar-general-annual-report-2018-deaths

COVID-19 deaths occurring by place of death

Of the 779 total deaths involving COVID-19 occurring up to 5th June, 395 (50.7%) occurred in hospital, 334 (42.9%) occurred in care homes, eight (1.0%) occurred in hospices and 42 (5.4%) occurred at residential addresses or another location.

Figure 7: Cumulative number of COVID-19 related deaths occurring by Place of Death in Northern Ireland, to 5th June 2020

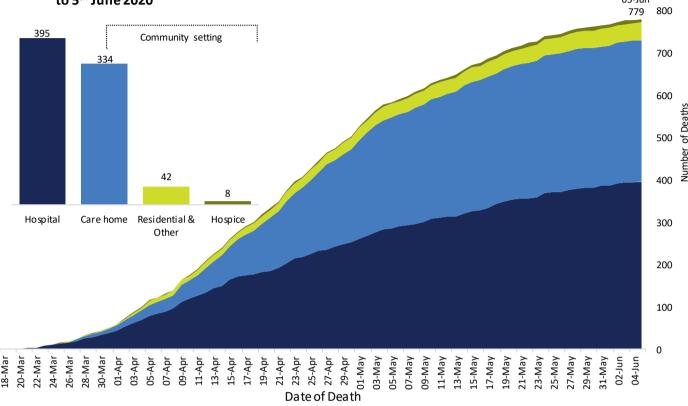


Table 3: Number of COVID-19 related deaths occurring each week, by Place of Death to 5th June 2020

	Hospital		Care l	Care home ¹		Hospice		Residential & 'Other'		tal
Weekending	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
20/03/2020	1	100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	100%
27/03/2020	17	73.9%	4	17.4%	1	4.3%	1	4.3%	23	100%
03/04/2020	43	70.5%	14	23.0%	1	1.6%	3	4.9%	61	100%
10/04/2020	57	64.0%	25	28.1%	-	-	7	7.9%	89	100%
17/04/2020	57	48.7%	53	45.3%	1	0.9%	6	5.1%	117	100%
24/04/2020	43	37.4%	66	57.4%	-	-	6	5.2%	115	100%
01/05/2020	41	34.5%	72	60.5%	1	0.8%	5	4.2%	119	100%
08/05/2020	37	45.1%	39	47.6%	1	1.2%	5	6.1%	82	100%
15/05/2020	29	45.3%	33	51.6%	1	1.6%	1	1.6%	64	100%
22/05/2020	32	61.5%	14	26.9%	2	3.8%	4	7.7%	52	100%
29/05/2020	25	67.6%	10	27.0%	-	-	2	5.4%	37	100%
05/06/2020	13	68.4%	4	22.1%	-		2	10.5%	19	100%
Total	395	50.7%	334	42.9%	8	1.0%	42	5.4%	779	100%

 $^{^{1}}$ Includes deaths in care homes only. Care home residents who have died in a different location will be counted elsewhere in this table .

COVID-19 deaths of care home residents by place of death

This section refers to deaths of care home residents, where either (a) the death occurred in a care home, or (b) the death occurred elsewhere but the place of usual residence of the deceased was recorded as a care home. It should be noted that the statistics will not capture those cases where a care home resident died in hospital or another location and the usual address recorded on their death certificate is not a care home. In relation to part (b) of this definition no assumptions can be made about where or when the deceased contracted COVID-19 (and all figures include probable or suspect cases).

Based on the definition above, there have been 404 deaths of care home residents involving COVID-19 in the year to date to 5th June 2020, which is 51.9% of all COVID-19 related deaths. Of the 404 deaths, 82.7% (334) occurred in a care home, with the remaining 70 occurring in hospital (Figure 8).

Of the total deaths involving COVID-19 which occurred in hospital (395) (Table 3), 17.7% (70) were accounted for by care home residents. (Further information in Table 9 of accompanying spreadsheet)

82 75 80 65 70 Hospital, 70, 17.3% 60 51 50 38 Year-to-date to 40 31 5th June 2020 30 18 16 33 15 20 Care home, 10 334, 82.7% 0 20-Mar 27-Mar 03-Apr 10-Apr 17-Apr 24-Apr 01-May08-May15-May22-May29-May 05-Jun

Figure 8: Care home residents: COVID-19 deaths occurring by place of death, weekly and year-to-date 2020

Week Ending (Date of Death)

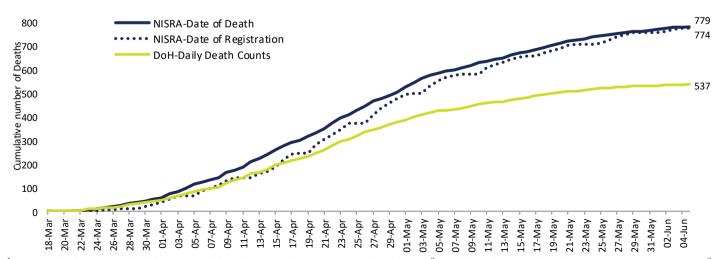
Differences between NISRA's death registration statistics and the Department of Health's daily statistics

- The daily Northern Ireland Government updates provided by the Department of Health (DoH) (https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/news) count the number of deaths reported by health trusts, where the deceased had a positive test for COVID-19 and died within 28 days, whether or not COVID-19 was the cause of death. DoH figures will not capture all deaths that do not meet this definition. These data are important because they are available earlier, and therefore give a quicker indication of what is happening day by day and are broadly comparable with the figures released daily in other parts of the United Kingdom (UK). The DoH reported 537 deaths associated with COVID-19 by 5th June 2020. This figure includes revisions up to 10th June to account for delayed notifications. Responsibility for reporting the daily updates moved from the Public Health Agency (PHA) to the DoH on 19th April.
- NISRA weekly provisional death statistics, which are based on death registration information collected by the General Register Office, count all deaths where COVID-19 was mentioned on the death certificate by the doctor who certified the death, whether or not COVID-19 was the primary underlying cause of death. The figures include cases where the doctor noted that there was suspected or probable coronavirus infection involved in the death. As a result the weekly totals will usually be higher than the relevant daily figures because the DOH daily updates only include those who have tested positive for the virus. The NISRA figures also include all deaths that occur outside hospital. They are comparable with weekly statistics produced by the Office for National Statistics and National Records Scotland. NISRA figures published today show the total number of COVID-19 related deaths registered by 5th June 2020 was 774. Deaths statistics based on date of registration will be subject to only minimal change.
- However, by analysing the registration based data using the date the death occurred (rather than date of registration with the General Register Office), the statistics show that 779 deaths associated with COVID-19 had occurred by 5th June. This figure is based on deaths registered up to 10th June 2020 and is the most appropriate figure to use to understand additional deaths beyond those reported via the DoH's daily bulletin. However it is also subject to ongoing change as not all deaths which occurred by 5th June will have been registered at the time of publishing these statistics.

Figure 9 below graphically demonstrates the cumulative number of deaths involving COVID-19 in Northern Ireland using different data sources up to 5th June 2020.

The latest NISRA figures show that, by 5th June 2020, 779 deaths had occurred involving COVID-19, based on registrations up to 10th June 2020. DoH figures available for the same period show a total of 537 deaths.

Figure 9: Cumulative number of deaths involving COVID-19 in Northern Ireland using different data sources up to 5th June 2020¹



¹Responsibility for reporting daily figures moved from the PHA to the Department of Health on 19th April. These figures are based on deaths that occurred up to 5th Jun and include revisions up to 10th June, to account for delayed notifications.

Links to relevant publications

Deaths registered weekly in England & Wales

https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/birthsdeathsandmarriages/deaths

Weekly Data on Deaths Registered in Scotland

https://www.nrscotland.gov.uk/statistics-and-data/statistics/statistics-by-theme/vital-events/general-publications/weekly-and-monthly-data-on-births-and-deaths-registered-in-scotland

Vital statistics (Central Statistics Office, Ireland)

https://www.cso.ie/en/statistics/birthsdeathsandmarriages/

Northern Ireland Department of Health daily COVID-19 figures https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/news and daily dashboard

Number of coronavirus (COVID-19) cases and risk in the UK

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus-covid-19-information-for-the-public

COVID-19 Health Surveillance Monitor (Ireland)

https://www.gov.ie/en/service/0039bc-view-the-covid-19-coronavirus-dashboard-showing-the-latest-stats-and/

List of Tables

Data accompanying this bulletin are available from the <u>NISRA website</u> in Excel format. The spread sheet includes the following tables.

Table 1: Deaths registered each week in Northern Ireland, 2020

Table 2: Deaths registered each week in Northern Ireland, age by sex, 2020

Table 3: Deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by Local Government District (LGD), 2020 Table 4: COVID-19 deaths registered each week in Northern Ireland, age by sex, 2020

Table 5: COVID-19 deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by Local Government District (LGD), 2020

Table 6: COVID-19 deaths registered in Northern Ireland, by place of death, 2020 Table 7: COVID-19 death occurrences by week of death in Northern Ireland, 2020

Table 8: COVID-19 death occurrences in Northern Ireland, by week of death and place of death, 2020

Table 9: COVID-19 deaths of care home residents in Northern Ireland, by place of death Table 10: COVID-19 death occurrences by date and place of death in Northern Ireland, 2020

Contact Details

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- are produced according to sound methods
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